

Gen IV iEC Controller Operation Manual





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1. Safety Information

General Power Tool Safety Warnings

Read all safety warnings, instructions, illustrations, and specifications provided with this power tool. Failure to follow all instructions listed below may result in electric shock, fire, and/or serious injury.

Save all warnings and instructions for future reference.

1. Work area safety

- a. Keep work area clean and well lit.
- b. Do not operate power tools in explosive atmospheres, such as in the presence of flammable liquids, gases, or dust.
- c. Keep children and bystanders away while operating a power tool.

2. Electrical safety

- a. Power tool plugs must match the outlet. Never modify the plug in any way. Do not use any adapter plugs with earthed (grounded) power tools.
- b. Avoid body contact with earthed or grounded surfaces, such as pipes, radiators, ranges, and refrigerators.
- c. Do not expose power tools to rain or wet conditions.
- d. Do not abuse the cord. Never use the cord for carrying, pulling, or unplugging the power tool. Keep cord away from heat, oil, sharp edges, or moving parts.
- e. When operating a power tool outdoors, use an extension cord suitable for outdoor use.
- f. If operating a power tool in a damp location is unavoidable, use a residual current device (RCD) protected supply.

3. Personal safety

- a. Stay alert, watch what you are doing, and use common sense when operating a power tool. Do not use a power tool while you are tired or under the influence of drugs, alcohol, or medication.
- b. Use personal protective equipment. Always wear eye protection.
- c. Prevent unintentional starting. Ensure the switch is in the off-position before connecting to power source and/or battery pack, picking up or carrying the tool.
- d. Remove any adjusting key or wrench before turning the power tool on.
- e. Do not overreach. Keep proper footing and balance at all times.
- f. Dress properly. Do not wear loose clothing or jewelry. Keep your hair, clothing, and gloves away from moving parts.
- g. Do not let familiarity gained from frequent use of tools allow you to become complacent and ignore tool safety principles. A careless action can cause severe injury within a fraction of a second.

4. Power tool use and care

- a. Do not force the power tool. Use the correct power tool for your application.
- b. Do not use the power tool if the switch does not turn it on and off.
- c. Disconnect the plug from the power source and/ or remove the battery pack, if detachable, from the power tool before making any adjustments, changing accessories, or storing power tools. Such preventive safety measures reduce the risk of starting the power tool accidentally.
- d. Store idle power tools out of the reach of children and do not allow persons unfamiliar with the power tool or these instructions to operate the power tool. Power tools are dangerous in the hands of untrained users.
- e. Maintain power tools and accessories. Check for misalignment or binding of moving parts, breakage of parts, and any other condition that may affect the power tool's operation. If damaged, have the power tool repaired before use. Many accidents are caused by poorly maintained power tools.
- f. Use the power tool, accessories, and tool bits, etc., in accordance with these instructions, taking into account the working conditions and the work to be performed. Use of the power tool for operations different from those intended could result in a hazardous situation.
- g. Keep handles and grasping surfaces dry, clean, and free from oil and grease. Slippery handles and grasping surfaces do not allow for safe handling and control of the tool in unexpected situations.

5. Service

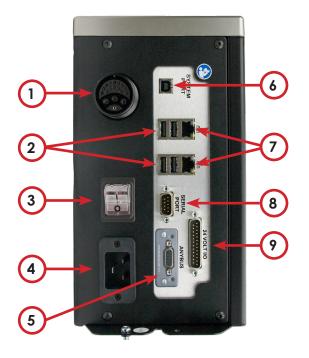
 a. Have your power tool serviced by a qualified repair person using only identical replacement parts. This will ensure that the safety of the power tool is maintained.

6. Equipment Installation, Operation, and Maintenance

- a. Safety of any system incorporating the equipment is the resposibility of the system assembler
- b. Position the equipment so that it is easy to access the disconnecting device
- c. Do not replace main power cord with an inadequately rated cord
- d. Only allow your power tool to be repaired by a qualified technician using only original spare parts, available from AIMCO. This ensures that the safety of your device is maintained.

2. Controller Diagram

2.1 Bottom Panel



Tool Connector (19 pin) - Standard connection 1 point for tool cable 2 USB Port - for import/export of data 3 Power Disconnect Switch - Turns controller on and off Power Cord Connection 4 5 Anybus - To connect customer's fieldbus network (ex. Profibus) System Port - USB connection used to connect 6 external computer to configure/monitor the controller 7 Ethernet Port RJ45 - Connection used to connect external computer to configure/ monitor the controller 8 Serial Port (DB-9 Pin M) - Serial data output for communication with peripherals such as bar code readers 24 Volt I/O Connector (DB-25 Pin M) - Input and 9 output of signals for process control

2.2 Front Console LED Display

Indicator Lights

Green	Indicates fastening cycle meets specified parameters.
Red	Indicates fastening cycle rejected for exceeding high torque.
Red Flashing	Indicates low torque. Fastening cycle was rejected for not achieving low torque.
Yellow	Indicates High Angle. Fastening cycle was rejected for exceeding high angle.
Yellow Flashing	Indicates Low Angle. Fastening cycle was rejected for not achieving low angle.
Blue	Tool is In-cycle, above threshold.



—Torque Display Always displays torque value

Secondary Display

Toggle button switches secondary display between

- Units of measure
- Ethernet IP address
- USB (System Port) IP address
- COMP: Torque Compensation Tare Value (See details in AC_TCOMP Stage)
- Angle report

NOTE: If Jobs are enabled refer to "4.3 Job" on page 29 for Toggle Button function.

Change PSet

3. Initial Setup

Step 1: Connect tool cable to Tool Connector. Cable consists of a male pin set housed in a molded 19 pin connector with a polarizing notch. Align tool cable notch with tool connector notch on the controller and insert cable. Securely thread connector coupler to controller body.

<u>Step 2</u>: Repeat above process to connect tool cable to AcraDyne tool being used with the controller.

<u>Step 3:</u> Plug female end of power cable into Power Cable Connector.

Step 4: Plug male end of power cable into appropriate power source.

*It is recommended that 5000, 6000, 7000 and 8000 series tools be supplied by 200-240VAC.

Due to a variety of 230Vac power outlets, the standard power cable plug-end provided with the controller may need to be modified in order to connect to local 230Vac power outlets. AcraDyne has a wide variety of country-specific power cord options available. Check with your authorized AcraDyne representative to see if your specific configuration is available. In any case, connection to local power should be made in consultation with a qualified electrician.

Step 5: The Secondary Protective Earth Attachment (it is required) must be connected to ground using the #14 AWG conductor, a green wire with a yellow stripe. Attach using a #10-14AWG ring terminal and #10 star washer (Figure 1).



Figure 1 — Secondary Protective Earth Attachment

<u>Step 6:</u> Turn controller on by pushing the Power Disconnect Switch to the POWER ON position, a light indicates power on.

Information

Controller fault (Drive Vbus low)

NOTE: Warning will appear if the controller is power cycled too quickly. If fault

appears, Power Down controller, wait a minimum of 10 seconds between controller Power Down and Power Up to clear error and restart controller.

3.1 Connecting to the Controller

There are three ways to program/communicate with the controller:

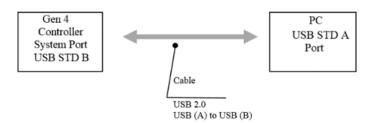
- Controller touch-screen console
- System Port: (USB connection) Direct connection to controller.
- Ethernet Port: Via direct connection or LAN.

Touchscreen Console

Controller functions and programming can be accessed directly through the touch-screen.

- 1. Power on controller.
- 2. Run screen will appear
- 3. Controller is ready for use.

Connecting via the System Port Directly to PC



The following is an example using Window 7. Your screen may look different depending on the operating system.

Windows USB Setup

<u>Step 1:</u> Power on PC and controller, allow enough time for them to become fully operational.

Step 2: Attach controller to PC using a USB 2.0 A-B cable. If this is the first time connecting the devices, wait for Windows to install the RNDIS driver. This should happen automatically.

<u>Step 3:</u> After the driver is installed, go to 'Control Panel'.

	Computer
-	Control Panel
	Devices and Printe
	Default Programs
	Help and Support
	Concernance of the local division of the loc
All Programs	
Search programs and files	Shut down

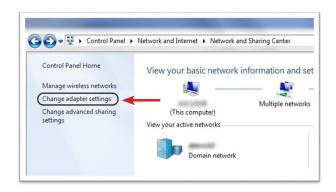
<u>Step 4:</u> Go to 'Network and Internet'.



<u>Step 5:</u> Go to 'Network and Sharing Center'.



Step 6: Go to 'Change adapter settings'.



Step 7: Find the Local Area Connection that is using the 'USB Ethernet/RNDIS Gadget' network. Right click this network and go to 'Properties'.

✓ Search Network Connection
6.77 9.77
Local Area Connection 2 Unidentified network USB Ethernet/RNDIS Gadget

<u>Step 8:</u> In Properties window select 'Internet Protocol Version 4' and click 'Properties'.

Connect using: USB Ethemet/RNDIS Gadget This connection uses the following items: Configure This connection uses the following items: Client for Microsoft Networks Client for Microsoft Networks Client for Microsoft Networks File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks A intermet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6) Client Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6) Client Layer Topology Discovery Mapper I/O Driver Client Configure	ACT NO	rking Sharing
Configure This connection uses the following items: Client for Microsoft Networks Virtual PC Network Filter Driver Client for Microsoft Networks Client for Microsoft Networks File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks A file and Printer Sharing f	Conn	ect using:
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✓		Client for Microsoft Networks
QoS Packet Scheduler QoS Packet Sche		
 ✓ ▲ Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) ✓ ▲ Link-Layer Topology Discovery Mapper I/O Driver 	✓	File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks
Link-Layer Topology Discovery Mapper I/O Driver	~	 Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6)
	(⊡	📥 Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) 🕽 🗲 💳
Link-Laver Topology Discovery Responder		Link-Layer Topology Discovery Mapper I/O Driver
		Ink-Laver Topology Discovery Responder
		Install Unirstal Properties

<u>Step 9:</u> In 'Properties', set the IP address to a static address.

Internet Protocol Version 4	TCP/IPv4) Properties
General	
	-
• Use the following IP a	1 () () () () () () () () () (
IP address:	192.168.1.5
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.0
Default gateway:	

Type an IP address of 192.168.1.5 (Any address on the same subnet as the controller will work). Set subnet mask to 255.255.255.0

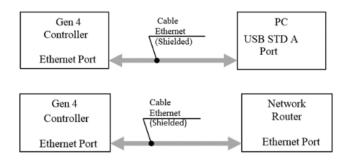
<u>Step 10:</u> To connect to the controller, open a browser such as Chrome or Firefox. Enter 192.168.1.4, the default system port IP address.



You will see the controller software on your computer screen.



Connecting using the Ethernet Port Directly or via LAN to PC



Turn on the computer and make a physical connection by using a straight through Ethernet cable.

Turn on controller. Verify the controller IP address in 'Communication Interfaces' or press toggle button to verify the IP address. If defaulted 0.0.0.0 set desired IP address.

Set a static IP address of the Computer/Laptop to 10.10.30.98 (example) and subnet mask to

255.255.255.0. (For instructions, see the example in "Step 9" earlier in this section.)

To connect to the controller. In the Computer/Laptop open a browser such as Chrome or Firefox. Enter 10.10.30.99, the default Ethernet port IP address.



You will see on your computer screen the controller software



NOTE: Controller does not have a DHCP client, it will not automatically configure itself with a usable IP address. Consult your Network Administrator for configuring a correct IP address for your network. The PC, Laptop or Tablet IP address will need to be configured to communicate with the controller.

3.2 Quick Set Up (Default PSets from Tool)

On the Home Page press the following to accept default PSet Parameters:



This will generate three generic PSets for the tool connected to the controller. It will automatically use the 40%, 60%, and 80% of the rated maximum torque of the tool in a two-stage Torque Control Strategy (TC). A prompt will display rated Max Torque and Max RPM of the connected tool for reference. These Psets can be modified to meet application requirements.



4. Home Page (Main Menu)



4.1 Run

The Run Screen is essentially the dashboard of the Gen IV controller and provides a look at real-time information regarding rundowns.



JOB:	Indicates the current JOB.
PSet:01	Indicates the current PSet in which you are operating.
\checkmark	Indicates accepted rundown.
×	Indicates failed rundown.
11.90 _{Nm} 210 °	Displays Torque and Angle for current rundown.

Graph displays curves representing Torque (black trace) and Angle (blue trace). The blue left arrow

at the origin of the graph will change the X-axis of the rundown curve from Time (In-Cycle) to Time (Overall) and Angle.

Below the graph is a historical table that will give information and status of the most recent rundowns, including current PSet, accepted/failed rundown status,torque and angle.



Arrows allow user to scroll left or right for viewing real time Job information such as Run Screen or rundown indicators.



Home tab will return user to the Home Page

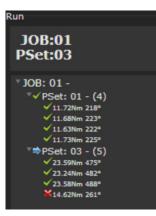
Click 🍘 for curve detail.

Click on blue arrow to change curve X axis.



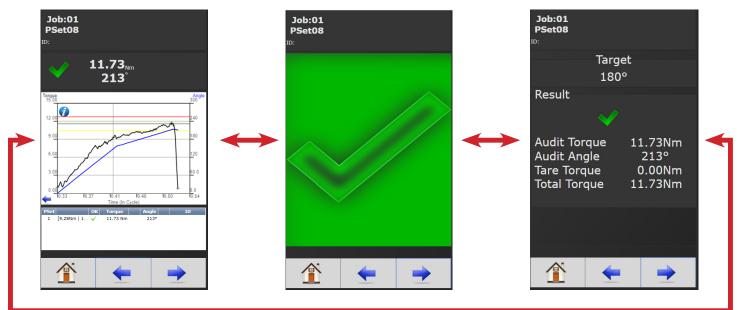
Choose Time In-cycle, Time Overall, Angle, or Angle In-Cycle screen

Run Screen displays real time Job information.



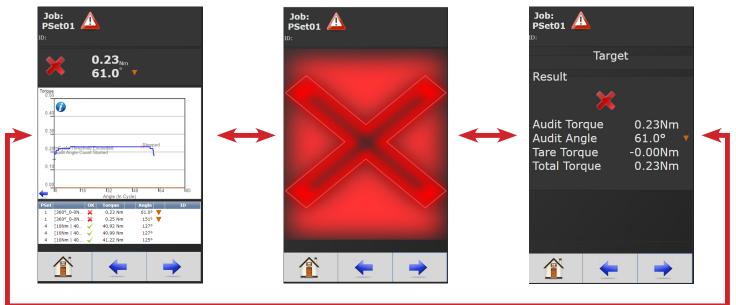
Large Screen Indicators and Audit information

The large screen indicators are helpful in viewing real time results of the rundown from a distance.



Example of Accepted Job

Example of Failed Job



4.2 PSet

Parameter Settings (PSets) control the fastening process. The following describes the different fastening strategies and how to setup the basic PSet parameters necessary to perform a fastening. Up to 256 PSets are available.

For AcraDrive capable tools see "4.2.1.2 AcraDrive Discontinuous Drive Mode Settings" on page 11.

4.2.1 Add New PSet

On Home Pag	e press tl	ne	PSet	tab.
On PSets scree	n press	to o	add a r	new Pset.
PSets PS 1 (10Nm)	_			
▶1 - TC (10, 200RPM)			
*Advanced	,			
Torque Units		Nm		Add a PSet
In Cycle Torque		2		
Cycle Complete T	orque	1		
Time Limit		10		Edit a PSet
Thread Direction		Right	-V	Eall a FSEI
▶ Rehit/Reject	Disa	abled		
* Joint Rate				
Samples		5	20	Coy a PSet
Sample Rate		20		
				Delete a PSet
+ 🖊				
Default PSets	Mar	nage		

Default PSets (see "3.2 Quick Set Up" on page 7)

Manage PSets (see "4.2.5 Manage PSets" on page 26)

On Add New PSet screen (below) enter appropriate values.

Add New PSet		
PSet Number	PSet 1	•
Torque Units	Nm	•
In Cycle Torque		2
Cycle Complete Torque		1
Time Limit (s)		10
Advanced Option	IS	

PSet Number: Current PSet to be added.

Torque Units: Unit of measure.

In Cycle Torque: Threshold value

at which tool is "In Cycle" and results from the Rundown will be reported.

Cycle Complete Torque: Torque level that determines completion of a fastening cycle.

Time Limit(s): Maximum allowable time (in seconds) tool is allowed to run.

Advanced Options: see "4.2.4 Advanced Options" on page 25

Once PSet values are entered press — to enter Add New Stage screen.

4.2.1.1 Add New Stage

A single stage or multiple stages build a PSet. Up to 20 stages can be assigned per PSet.

PSet 1: Edit Stage 1 Stage Type TC_AM Torque High Target Low	0
Angle Bailout High Low Reference Reference Torque	0 0 Overall Ar ▼ 0
Speed Max (RPM) Acceleration (kRPM/s) Time Stage Timeout (sec)	200
~	0

The following stage options are available:

TC
TC_AM
AC_TM
TC_AC
Yield
Delay
Unfasten
ERGO Stop
Brake Stop
AC_TA
AC_TCOMP
Syncronize
Thread Forming
Homing
AC TM Anti-Necking

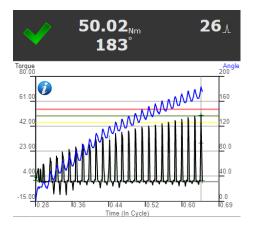
Once the desired stage(s) are selected and

configured, press Y to save stage and again to save the PSet and return to initial PSet menu.

Next Press to go to the RUN screen or 1 to return to the Home page. The tool should now be operational and you are ready to run a configured PSet.

4.2.1.2 AcraDrive Discontinuous Drive Mode Settings

The iEC Discontinuous Mode pulses the tool output to reduce torque reaction forces on the operator. To accomplish this, the tool relies on motor and gear inertia to transmit torque to the fastener instead of only the torque capability of the motor. Discontinuous Mode is only available for tools designed for discontinuous mode operation.

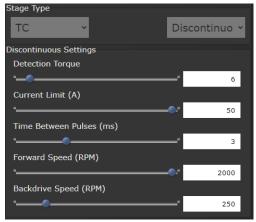


Discontinuous Mode Stages

The following stages can be used in Discontinuous Mode:

- TC (Torque Control)
- TC_AM (Torque Control, Angle Monitor)
- AC_TM (Angle Control, Torque Monitor)
- TC_AC (Torque Control, Angle Control)

Discontinuous Mode Parameters



Detection Torque: 1.0 – 10 Nm, 0.1 – 1.0 kgm, 0.75 – 7.5 ft-lb, 9.0 – 90 in-lb

• The Torque Value at which the forward-moving state transitions to the backward-moving state. Higher values for Detection Torque mean that in order to determine a pulse, the impact torque is greater than the Detection Torque.

Current Limit: 10 – 50 A

• Maximum current allowed throughout the duration of the rundown. Higher values allow more aggressive fastening, but lower values can improve accuracy.

Time Between Pulses: 0 - 10 ms

• How long to wait before the next pulse.

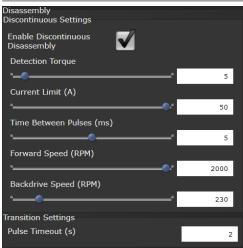
Forward Speed: 100 – 2000 RPM

• How fast to rotate in the fastening direction.

Backdrive Speed: 100 - 1000 RPM

• How fast to rotate in the un-fastening direction.

Discontinuous Mode Disassembly Parameters



Enable Discontinuous Disassembly:

• Determines whether to utilize Discontinuous Mode in disassembly. Only tools with Discontinuous Mode enabled can use this mode.

Detection Torque: 1.0 – 10 Nm, 0.1 – 1.0 kgm,

0.75 – 7.5 ft-lb, 9.0 – 90 in-lb

• The Torque Value at which the forward-moving state transitions to the backward-moving state. Higher values for Detection Torque mean that in order to determine a pulse, the impact torque is greater than the Detection Torque.

Current Limit: 10 – 50 A

 Maximum current allowed. Higher values allow more aggressive fastening, but lower values can improve accuracy.

Time Between Pulses: 0 - 10 ms

• How long to wait before the next pulse.

Forward Speed: 100 - 2000 RPM

• How fast to rotate in the fastening direction.

Backdrive Speed: 100 - 1000 RPM

• How fast to rotate in the un-fastening direction.

Pulse Timeout: 0.1 - 10 seconds

- Amount of time not detecting a pulse required to transition into normal continuous disassembly.
 - When running in disassembly, the Pulse Time Out timer will start counting down and reset each time a pulse is detected

- If a pulse is not detected before the timer times out, the tool will slow down to the continuous speed setting. This can help prevent the fastener from completely backing off the threads when disassembling.
- If another pulse is detected while running the slower speed. The Pulse Time Out timer will reset, allowing the speed to return to the pulse Forward Speed setting.

Pulse Forward	Command Drive Forward Speed
Pulse Detect	Torque < Detection Torque
Reverse	Command Drive Reverse Speed
Brake	Command Drive Brake

Discontinuous Mode Sequence of Operation:

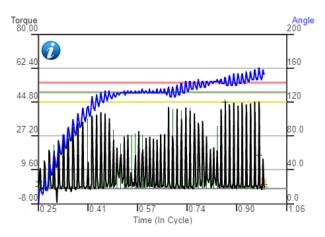
The following steps occur in sequence until either the target torque has been reached, a fault occurs, or a limit is reached:

- 1. The motor is commanded forward at Forward Speed until the measured torque exceeds Detection Torque.
- 2. The motor is commanded backward at Backdrive Speed until either the measured torque becomes negative, or an internal safety timer has expired.
- 3. The motor is commanded to brake until Time Between Pulses has elapsed.

Optimization and Troubleshooting

The following are examples of potential issues and how they can potentially be solved with minor tweaks to the Pulse Settings mentioned previously in this section.

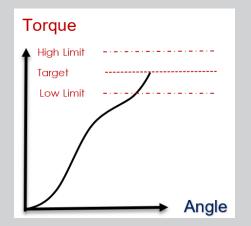
• The tool stalls and struggles to reach the Target Torque:



- Increase Current Limit if it isn't already at the maximum allowed value.
- Increase Backdrive Speed to prevent the tool from vibrating in place (the flat spot on the angle graph above shows an example of this).
- The tool exceeds the High Torque limit:
 - $\circ~$ Decrease Current Limit to create softer pulses.
 - Decrease Forward Speed to reduce torque overshoot.
 - If neither of the above fix the problem, try the following:
 - Change the PSet to have two Discontinuous Mode stages instead of one:
 - The first should be more aggressive, with maximum Current Limit and/or Forward Speed.
 - The second should be less aggressive, with decreased Current Limit and/or Forward Speed.
 - Ensure the PSet has a Brake Stop stage at the end.
 - Increasing Detection Torque can also sometimes increase torque accuracy.
- The tool is not driving the fastener forward:
 - Decrease Backdrive Speed to ensure the tool doesn't back off too much after a pulse.
- The reaction force on the operator is too much:
 - Decrease Detection Torque.
 - Decrease Current Limit.
 - Decrease Forward Speed.

4.2.2 PSet Stages

4.2.2.1 TC Torque Control Stage



Control strategy uses torque as the only control parameter. The tool stops when Torque Target is reached. Rundown is considered to be successful (Accept) if the stage peak torque value falls within the range specified by the Torque High Limit and the Torque Low Limit parameters.

PSet 13: Edit Stage 1 Stage Type	
тс -	Continuous 🗸
Torque	Continuous
High	Discontinuous
Target	5
Low	2
Speed	
Speed (RPM)	500
Acceleration (kRPM/s)	10
Time	
Stage Timeout (s)	10
~	\odot

Stage Type:

- Continuous Drive
- Discontinuous Drive

Torque High: The upper control limit of the rundown.

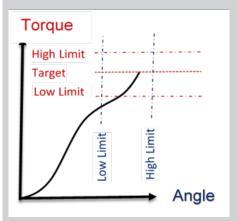
Torque Target: Final desired torque.

Torque Low: The lower control limit of the rundown.

Speed (RPM): Tool Output speed target.

Acceleration (kRPM/s): The length of time it will take for tool to change speed. The lower the value the slower the acceleration (see "Glossary" on page 60 for detailed description).

4.2.2.2 TC_AM Torque Control Angle Monitor Stage



Control strategy is convenient for detection of cross threaded or stripped fasteners. Rundown is considered to be successful (Accept) if the stage peak torque value falls within range specified by Torque High Limit and Torque Low Limit and final angle value falls within the range specified by Angle High Limit and Angle Low Limit parameters.

- Stage Type:
 - Continuous Drive
 - Discontinuous Drive

Torque High: Upper control limit of the rundown.

Torque Target: Final desired torque.

Torque Low: The lower control limit of the rundown.

Angle Bailout: Determines when to stop the tool on angle during any Torque Control strategy. Should be set equal to or above High Angle. Units are degrees of rotation.

Angle High: Maximum acceptable angle rotation in degrees.

Angle Low: Minimum acceptable angle rotation in degrees.

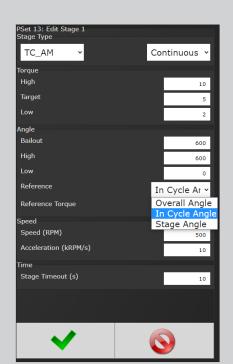
Angle Reference: (drop down menu)

- Overall Angle: Angle is measured starting from lever/trigger pull.
- In-cycle Angle: Angle is measured from In-Cycle torque value (determined in PSet screen).
- Stage Angle: Angle is measured from Reference Torque. If Stage Angle is selected, this will be the start point (in Torque) at which angle is monitored. NOTE: Set Reference Torque to zero to measure Stage Angle from the beginning of the stage.

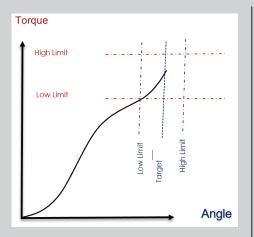
Reference Torque: If Stage Angle is selected in the Reference menu, this will be the Torque start point at which angle is monitored.

Speed (RPM): Tool Output speed target.

Acceleration(kRPM/s): How quickly the tool will change speed. The lower the value the slower the acceleration (see "Glossary" on page 60 for detailed description).



4.2.2.3 AC_TM Angle Control Torque Monitor Stage



Control strategy in which the tool stops when Angle Target is reached or Torque High Limit is exceeded. Rundown is considered to be successful (Accept) if the stage peak torque value falls within range specified by torque upper and lower limits and final angle value falls within the range specified by Angle High Limit and Angle Low Limit parameters.

Stage Type:

- Continuous Drive
- Discontinuous Drive

Angle High: Maximum allowed angle rotation in degrees.

Angle Target: Angle target desired.

Angle Low: Minimum allowed angle rotation in degrees.

Angle Reference: (drop down menu)

- Overall Angle: Angle is measured starting from lever/trigger pull.
- In-cycle Angle: Angle is measured from In-Cycle torque value (Determined in PSet screen).
- **Stage Angle:** Angle is measured from Reference Torque.

PSet 13: Edit Stage 1 Stage Type	
AC_TM ~	Continuous ~
Angle	
High	600
Target	540
Low	0
Reference	In Cycle Ar 🗸
Reference Torque	0
Torque	
Bailout	15
High	10
Low	2
Speed	
Speed (RPM)	500
Acceleration (kRPM/s)	10
Time	
Stage Timeout (s)	10
~	\odot

Reference Torque: If Stage Angle is selected in the reference menu, this will be the start point (in Torque) at which angle is monitored.

NOTE: Set Reference Torque to zero if you want Stage Angle measured from the beginning of the stage.

Torque Bailout: Determines when to stop the tool based on torque value during any Angle Torque Bailout value should be equal or greater than High Torque.

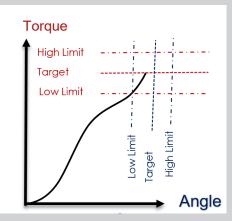
Torque High: Upper control limit of the rundown.

Torque Low: Lower control limit of the rundown.

Speed (RPM): Tool Output speed target.

Acceleration (kRPM/s): How quickly the tool will change speed. The lower the value, the slower the acceleration (see "Glossary" on page 60 for detailed description).

4.2.2.4 TC_AC Torque Control Angle Control Stage



Control strategy in which the tool stops if Target Torque or Target Angle is reached, whichever happens first.

Rundown is considered to be successful (Accept) if the stage peak torque value falls within range specified by Torque High Limit and Torque Low Limit, and final angle value falls within the range specified by Angle High Limit and Angle Low Limit parameters.

Stage Type:

- Continuous Drive
- Discontinuous Drive

Torque High: Upper control limit of the rundown.

Torque Target: Final desired torque.

Torque Low: Lower control limit of the rundown.

Angle High: Maximum allowed angle rotation in degrees.

Angle Target: Angle target desired.

Angle Low: Minimum allowed angle rotation in degrees.

Angle Reference: (drop down menu)

- Overall Angle: Angle is measured starting from lever/ trigger pull.
- In-cycle Angle: Angle is
- measured from In-cycle value (determined in PSet screen.)
- Stage Angle: Angle is measured from Reference Torque.

Reference Torque: If Stage Angle is selected in the Reference Menu, this will be the start point (in Torque) at which angle is monitored.

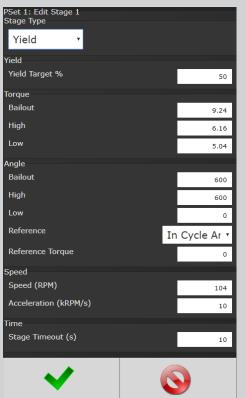
NOTE: Set Reference Torque to zero if you want Stage Angle measured from the beginning of the stage.

Speed (RPM): Tool Output speed target.

Acceleration (kRPM/s): How quickly the tool will change speed. The lower the value, the slower the acceleration (see "Glossary" on page 60 for detailed description).

PSet 13: Edit Stage 1 Stage Type	t di di di
TC_AC ~	Continuous ~
Torque	
High	10
Target	5
Low	2
Angle	
High	600
Target	540
Low	0
Reference	In Cycle Ar ~
	In eyele / li
Reference Torque	0
Reference Torque Speed Speed (RPM)	500
Speed	0
Speed Speed (RPM)	500
Speed Speed (RPM) Acceleration (kRPM/s)	500
Speed Speed (RPM) Acceleration (kRPM/s) Time	500

Yield Control Stage 4.2.2.5



This strategy detects the yield of the fastener and reports the torque and angle that resulted from the fastening event.

Controlling by detecting Yield is very beneficial on joints where clamp load varies greatly relative to final torque.

This strategy can be used alone or combined with other strategies as steps in a parameter set. As an example, a common fastening strategy could be three steps:

- Torque Stage To set a minimum • threshold
- Yield Stage To control clamp load
- Angle Stage To attain a specific bolt stretch above Yield

For more details please go to www.AIMCO-global.com/Resources/ Manuals/Yield Control

Yield Target %: Programmable with a default setting of 50%.

The lower this value, the more sensitive the strategy will be. Too low could cause early and false detection.

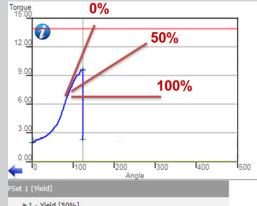
The higher this value, the less sensitive the strategy will be. A more pronounced change in slope is required for the yield to be determined.

The measurement is joint specific and 0% when parallel to the slope determined to be the elastic range and 100% is when the slope is horizontal.

Joint Rate parameters have default settings of 5 samples every 20 degrees. This resolution can be adjusted if needed.

See "AC_TM Angle Control

Torque Monitor Stage" on



▶ 1 - Yield [50%]

page 15 for Torque, Angle, Speed, and Time parameter details).

Torque Bailout: Determines when to stop the tool based on torque value during any Angle Torque Bailout value should be equal or greater than High Torque.

Torque High: Upper control limit of the rundown.

Torque Low: Lower control limit of the rundown.

Angle Bailout: Determines when to stop the tool on angle during any Torque Control strategy. Should be set equal to or above High Angle. Units are degrees of rotation.

Angle High: Maximum acceptable angle rotation in degrees.

Angle Low: Minimum acceptable angle rotation in degrees.

Angle Reference: (drop down menu)

- Overall Angle: Angle is measured starting from lever/trigger pull.
- In-cycle Angle: Angle is measured from In-Cycle torque value (determined in PSet screen).
- Stage Angle: Angle is measured from Reference Torque. If Stage Angle is selected, this will be the start point (in Torque) at which angle is monitored.

NOTE: Set Reference Torque to zero to measure Stage Angle from the beginning of the stage.

Reference Torque: If Stage Angle is selected in the Reference menu, this will be the Torque start point at which angle is monitored.

Speed (RPM): Tool Output speed target.

Acceleration(kRPM/s): How quickly the tool will change speed. The lower the value the slower the acceleration (see "Glossary" on page 60 for detailed description).

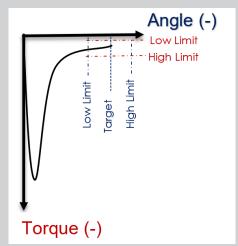
4.2.2.6 Delay Stage



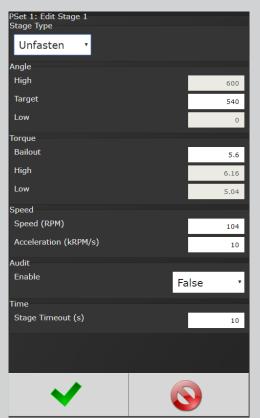
This stage determines the time delay between stages.

Time Delay (s): Total time (in seconds) the tool stops and waits before proceeding to the next stage. Default is 0.2 (sec).

4.2.2.7 Unfasten Stage



This feature is a specific "backoff" stage used, for example, in a Rundown-Backoff or Rundown-Backoff-Rundown configuration. NOTE: In this stage, the tool always runs opposite of the thread direction.



Angle High: Maximum allowed angle rotation in degrees.

Angle Target: Degrees of rotation the tool will backoff in reverse.

Angle Low: Minimum allowed angle rotation in degrees.

Torque Bailout: Determines when to stop the tool based on torque value during any Angle Control strategy; should be equal or greater than High Torque.

Torque High: Upper control limit of the rundown.

Torque Low: Lower control limit of the rundown.

Speed (RPM): Tool Output speed target (in the unfastening direction).

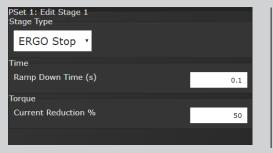
Acceleration (kRPM/s): How quickly tool will change speed. The lower the value, the slower the acceleration (see "Glossary" on page 60 for detailed description).

Audit Enable:

False: When set to False the stage will not be evaluated for pass or fail.

True: When set to True the stage will be evaluated for pass or fail using high and low limits.

4.2.2.8 Ergo Stop Stage



Ramps cut-off power when fastening achieves *Target Torque* or *Target Angle* value. This feature reduces torque reaction to the operator in a hand-held tool as final torque or angle is achieved.

Ramp Down Time (s): Total time (in seconds) to ramp down to zero current/torque.

Torque Current Reduction %: Amount (in percent) to reduce the current to the motor.

4.2.2.9 Brake Stop Stage

PSet 1: Edit Stage 1 Stage Type	
Brake Stop 🔹	
Time	
Brake Hold Time (s)	0.5
Duty Cycle (%)	100
Auto-Release	

The Brake Stop Stage is used for electronic braking of the tool. It can be helpful in applications where a high RPM is used for the rundown, helping to reduce torque and angle target overshoot.

The Brake Stop stage is also required after a high torque target stage, to prevent the tool motor from springing backwards too fast as the tool gearing relaxes. This motor back drive can cause a voltage spike on the drive DC bus. This spike in voltage can result in drive or other faults to occur. As a guideline, rundowns exceeding 1,000Nm should have a brake stop as the final stage.

Brake Hold Time (s): Amount of time (in seconds) that brake is applied.

Duty Cycle %: Manual control the strength of the brake force – a higher value is stronger

Auto-Release: Automatically controls the strength of the brake force and releases when cycle complete torque is reached. It is recommended to enable this when using the brake stop to relax the joint after a high torque rundown, to prevent voltage spikes.

4.2.2.10 AC_TA Angle Control Torque Averaging Stage

PSet 1: Edit Stage 1 Stage Type AC_TA	r - Are	
Angle		
Target		540
Low		0
Reference		In Cycle Ar 🔹
Reference Torque		0
Torque		
Bailout		9.24
High		6.16
Average High		4.93
Average Low		0
Speed		
Speed (RPM)		104
Acceleration (kRPM/s)		10
Time		
Stage Timeout (s)		10
~		3

Control Strategy that is helpful in applications where the rotational resistance measured can produce a pass or fail reading. This will help in gauging rolling resistance of a given part and aid in detecting latent failures in rotating assemblies. Angle Target: Angle target desired.

Angle Low: Minimum allowed angle rotation in degrees.

Angle Reference: (drop down menu)

- Overall Angle: Angle is measured starting from lever/trigger pull.
- **In-cycle Angle:** Angle is measured from In-Cycle torque value determined in PSet screen).
- Stage Angle: Angle is measured from Reference Torque.

Reference Torque: If Stage Angle is selected in the Reference menu, this will be the Torque start point at which angle is monitored.

Torque Bailout: Determines when to stop the tool based on torque value during any Angle. Torque Bailout value should be equal or greater than High Torque.

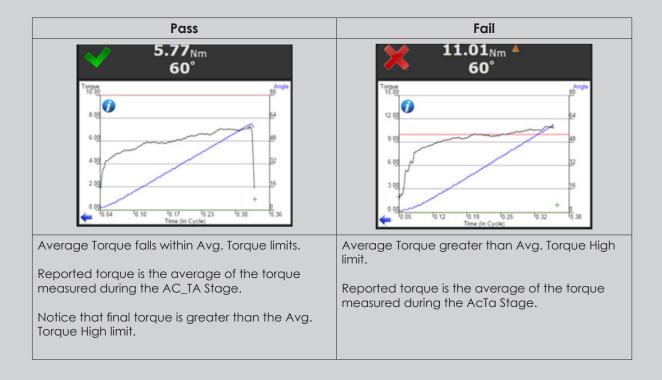
Torque High: Upper control limit of the rundown.

Average High: The average high torque of the rundown.

Average Low: The average low torque of the rundown.

Speed (RPM): Tool Output speed target.

Acceleration (kRPM/s): How quickly the tool will change speed. The lower the value the slower the acceleration (see "Glossary" on page 60 for detailed description).



4.2.2.11 AC_TCOMP Angle Control Torque Compensation Stage

PSet 1: Edit Stage 1		
Stage Type		
AC_TCOMP •		
Angle		
Target		540
Low		0
Reference	In	Cycle Ar 🔹
Reference Torque		0
Torque		
Bailout		9.24
High		6.16
Average High		4.93
Average Low		0
Speed		
Speed (RPM)		104
Acceleration (kRPM/s)		10
Time		
Stage Timeout (s)		10

In the fastening shown, the first stage is an Angle Control Torque Compensation strategy followed by a torque control strategy to 4Nm. This will allow a consistent 4Nm to be applied to the clamp load of the part. The Angle Control Torque Compensation Strategy is used to compensate for the prevailing torque of the fastener. The prevailing torque can be averaged over a set angle and the torque will be adjusted by the average torque measured, allowing it's effect to be removed from the final torque applied to the fastener.

Setup: See "AC_TA Angle Control Torque Averaging Stage" on page 20.

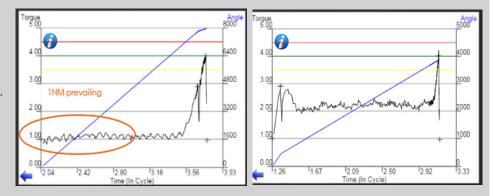
This strategy will behave the same as Angle Control Torque Averaging (AC_TA) with the additional re-taring of the torque transducer; it has all the same parameters.

The Problem

In the two following fastening cycles, the final torque is 4Nm. The first fastening has about 1Nm of prevailing torque during the free run and the second has about 2Nm. In the first fastening, about 3Nm of torque goes into the final clamping load of the joint. The second fastening only gets about 2Nm of torque to clamp the part, 33% less than the first.

Removing the Prevailing Torque

The strategy will measure the average prevailing torque over a given angle. At the completion of the stage the torque transducer will have its tare value adjusted by the average torque. Removing the prevailing torque readings for the remainder of the fastening cycle.



4.2.2.12 AC_TCOMP Display of Torque Compensation Value



LED Display: The bottom LED display field can be configured to display the Torque Compensation Tare Value by using the toggle button to select 'COMP' from the available options.

Run Screen: In addition to the Final Audit Torque, the Final Torque Total and the Torque Compensation Value will be displayed if an AC_TComp stage was completed during the rundown.

Target		
100.00 Nm		
V Results		
Audit Torque Tare Value Total Torque	101.2 Nm 23.2 Nm 124.4 Nm	

4.2.2.13 Sync Stage



Set synchronization point between stages for spindle networks. All spindles will wait on this stage until all controllers are ready to proceed to the next stage.

Stage Timeout (s): Total time in seconds the controller will wait in this stage before timing out and aborting the rundown.

4.2.2.14 Thread Forming Stage

PSet 1: Edit Stage 1 Stage Type	
Thread Forn	
Inread Forn	
Angle	
High	600
Target	540
Low	0
Reference	In Cycle Ar 🔹
Reference Torque	0
Torque	
Bailout	9.24
High	6.16
Low	5.04
Speed	
Speed (RPM)	104
Acceleration (kRPM/s)	10
Time	
Stage Timeout (s)	10
	المراكب المراكب
~	\odot

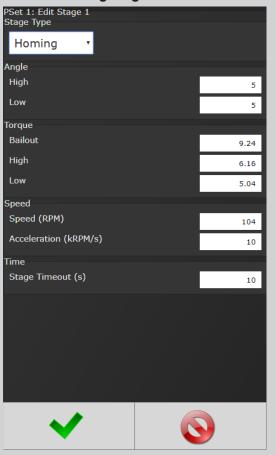
The 'Thread Forming PSet Strategy' can be used in fastening applications where the initial thread forming torque is greater than the final torque target to be left on the fastener. This strategy is intended to be used as the first stage of a multistage PSet, prior to the final audit stage.

The Thread Forming Strategy is a variant of the Angle Control Torque Monitoring (AC_TM) Stage, which in addition, includes a reset of the overall peak torque value when the stage completes. This provides a way to reset the peak torque value after thread forming so that only the peak torque from the fastening portion of the rundown is used for the overall evaluation of the rundown and reported.

Sequence of Operation: The stage will run until the angle target is reached, or is terminated early. If the stage completes successfully the overall peak torque is reset to the current torque value, then the next stage in the sequence will begin. If the stage is terminated early, or fails on the torque and angle limits, the overall peak torque is not reset and the rundown will be terminated.

Setup: See "AC_TM Angle Control Torque Monitor Stage" on page 15 for Torque, Angle, Speed, and Time parameter details)

4.2.2.15 Homing Stage



Control strategy in which the tool's output returns to a home position in the direction set in the parent PSet. The home position is defined by the position of the output when the controller is powered on. The stage is considered successful (Accept) if the output travels and stops within the home region, defined by the angle high and low limits. If the output is already in the home region when the stage begins, the tool will perform a revolution first. When the output crosses the lower limit, the tool will brake to a stop. After completing the stage, the position of the output, referenced from the home position, will be reported. **Angle High:** Upper limit of the Tool Output position defining the home region. (Units: Degrees from the Home position in the direction of rotation defined in the PSet)

Angle Low: Lower limit of the Tool Output position defining the home region. (Units: Degrees from the Home position in the opposite direction of rotation defined in the PSet).

Torque Bailout: The tool will stop if this torque is exceeded. The Torque Bailout value should be equal or greater than High Torque.

Torque High: Upper control limit of the rundown.

Torque Low: Lower control limit of the rundown.

Speed (RPM): Tool Output speed target.

Acceleration (kRPM/s): How quickly the tool will change speed. The lower the value the slower the acceleration (see "Glossary" on page 60 for detailed description).

Stage Timeout (s): Maximum allowable time (in seconds) in this stage. If time is exceeded, the tool will stop and the Rundown will be terminated.

Note: To maintain the tool's home position without drifting, some tools will require a more refined value for the tool parameter PPRO. Please contact an AIMCO representative for instructions on how to load this value into the tool if it is needed.

4.2.2.16 AC_TM Anti-Necking Stage

PSet 1: Edit Stage 1 Stage Type	
AC_TM Anti	
Angle	
High	600
Target	540
Low	0
Reference	In Cycle Ar 🔻
Reference Torque	0
Torque	
Bailout	9.24
High	6.16
Low	5.04
Percent Peak Torque Drop	1
Speed	
Speed (RPM)	104
Acceleration (kRPM/s)	10
Time	
Stage Timeout (s)	10
~	

Control strategy in which the tool stops when Angle Target is reached, or Torque High Limit is exceeded. Rundown is considered to be successful (Accept) if the stage peak torque value falls within the range specified by torque upper and lower limits and final angle value falls within the range specified by Angle High Limit and Angle Low Limit parameters. If the final torque of the rundown is not within the parameter specified by Percent Peak Torque Drop, the rundown is considered be unsuccessful and a low torque will be reported. Angle High: Maximum allowed angle rotation in degrees.

Angle Target: Angle target desired.

Angle Low: Minimum allowed angle rotation in degrees.

Angle Reference: (drop down menu)

- Overall Angle: Angle is measured starting from lever/trigger pull.
- **In-cycle Angle:** Angle is measured from In-Cycle torque value (determined in PSet screen).
- **Stage Angle:** Angle is measured from Reference Torque.

Reference Torque: If Stage Angle is selected in the Reference menu, this will be the start point (in Torque) at which angle is monitored.

NOTE: Set Reference Torque to zero if you want Stage Angle measured from the beginning of the stage.

Torque Bailout: Determines when to stop the tool based on torque value during any Angle Torque Bailout value should be equal or greater than High Torque.

Torque High: Upper control limit of the rundown.

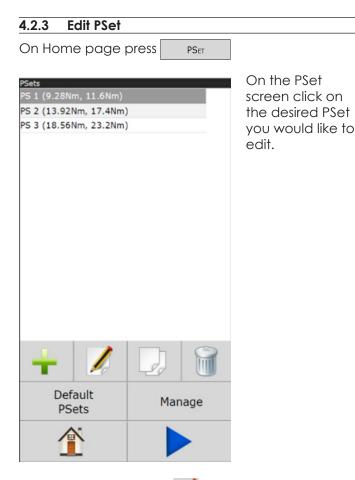
Torque Low: Lower control limit of the rundown.

Percent Peak Torque Drop: The maximum allowed percentage torque drop from peak torque during a rundown. If the final torque is too low, a low torque will be reported.

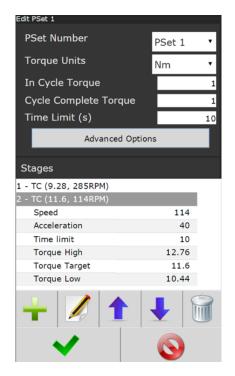
Speed (RPM): Tool Output speed target.

Acceleration (kRPM/s): How quickly the tool will change speed. The lower the value the slower the acceleration (see "Glossary" on page 60 for detailed description).

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Click on the Edit button *f* to make changes in the Edit screen (below).

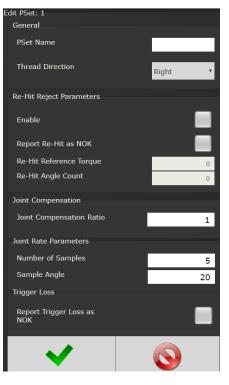


If further Stage changes are needed click the Edit button *M* again to enter Edit Stage screen (below).

PSet 1: Edit Stage 1	
Stage Type	
TC •	
Torque	
High	10.208
Target	9.28
Low	8.352
Speed	
Max (RPM)	285
Acceleration (kRPM,	/s) 10
Time	
Stage Timeout (sec) 10
~	
	V

Once desired changes are made click 💙 twice to save changes.

4.2.4 Advanced Options



PSet Name: Add PSet name if desired (up to 10 characters).

Thread Direction:

Defines fastening direction (default is right hand).

Re-hit/Reject Parameters:

Prevents the fastening of an already tightened fastener. If enabled, tool will stop and the rundown will be aborted, if the angle of rotation

between the Re-Hit Reference Torque and the In-Cycle Torque is less than the Re-Hit Angle Count.

NOTE: If the attempted rundown is a Re-Hit, it will not be reported or recorded.

Re-hit Reject Enable: Enables the feature.

Re-Hit Reference Torque: This torque value is the start of the angle count that determines a Re-Hit. (This value should be lower than the In Cycle Torque specified in the PSet.)

Re-Hit Angle Count: If the angle count between the Re-Hit Reference Torque and the In Cycle Torque is less than this value, the rundown is determined to be a Re-Hit.

Joint Compensation Ratio: Adjusts the target torque of the tool to compensate for joint characteristics. This value has an inverse relationship with the target torque (Output torque = Target Torque / Ratio). Ratio values above 1.0 result in a lower output torque where values below 1.0 result in higher output torques.

Joint Rate Parameters	
Number of Samples	5
Sample Angle	20

Report Trigger Loss as NOK: If enabled and a rundown is terminated early before completion:

- The overall result of the rundown will be reported as a reject.
- The torque and angle status will be reported as evaluated with the following exception: If torque and angle are both within limits, the torque and angle status will both be reported as low. This is done to further indicate that the rundown was terminated before completion.

4.2.5 Manage PSets



Save PSets to Browser

Allows the PSet information to be saved to the local PC connected to controller. PSet information is saved as a .txt file and can be opened using any text editor such as WordPad. It can also be opened with Excel. The format of the .txt file is tab separated values.

Export PSets to Browser

Save the PSets as a database file to the PC connected to controller. These PSets can later be imported to another controller.

Import PSets from Browser

Import previously exported PSets to controller.

Delete PSets

Enables deletion of selected PSets.

4.2.6 Multistage Rundown Evaluation and Reporting

If a rundown cycle completes, or is terminated early while in or after the final audit stage of the PSet:

- The overall evaluation of the rundown will be determined using the torque and angle limits set in the final audit stage.
- The peak torque and angle achieved during the rundown, are used for the evaluation and reported.
- The torque and angle status, and overall result reported, will reflect this evaluation.

Note: The fastening torque must achieve the In-Cycle torque value set in the PSet for the rundown to be evaluated or reported.

If a rundown is terminated early before reaching the final audit stage:

- The overall result of the rundown will be reported as a reject.
- The torque and angle evaluation will be determined using the limits set in the stage that was running when the rundown was terminated.
- The torque and angle at the point in time when the rundown was terminated, is used for the stage evaluation.
- The torque and angle status reported will reflect this stage evaluation with the following exception:
 - If torque and angle are both within limits of the stage that was running, or if the stage was a non-audit stage, the torque and angle status will both be reported as low. This is done to further indicate that the rundown terminated before reaching the final audit stage.
- The peak torque and angle achieved during the rundown will be reported.

Note: The fastening torque must achieve the In-Cycle torque value set in the PSet for the rundown to be evaluated or reported.

Unfastening Stage special considerations:

- Rundown Back-Off multi stage PSet (Unfastening as the last stage)
 - If the unfasten stage is set to 'Non Audit':
 - The peak torque and angle reported from the fastening portion of the rundown will be used for the evaluation and reported.
 - If the unfasten stage is set to 'Audit':
 - The final torque and angle in the unfastening direction, at the point in time when the run cycle completes or is terminated, will be used for the evaluation and reported.
 - The final torque and angle will be reported as negative in the unfastening direction.
 - If the rundown cycle is terminated before reaching the final unfastening audit

stage, the final torque and angle values will be reported as zero and the torque and angle status will be reported as low.

- Rundown Back-Off Rundown multi stage PSet (Unfastening as a middle stage)
 - The value for peak torque in the forward direction, will be reset to zero when tool begins an unfastening portion of the rundown.
 - If the rundown is terminated during the unfastening stage, the final torque and angle values will be reported as zero and the torque and angle status will be reported as low.

Torque Averaging Stages (AC_TA and AC_TCOMP) reporting exception:

• If a torque averaging stage fails to complete, or is the final audit stage, and the peak torque is less than the high torque limit, the final torque reported will be the torque average during that stage.

Torque and angle measurement details:

- Peak Torque is used for the overall evaluation and reported:
 - The peak torque achieved, from the start of the rundown to the when the torque falls below the cycle complete value set in the PSet
- Torque is used for the stage evaluation:
 - The torque at the point in time when the stage was terminated or completed
- Peak Angle is used for the overall evaluation and reported:
 - The peak angle achieved, measured from the angle reference set in the final audit stage, to the when the torque falls below the cycle complete value set in the PSet
 Note: If an angle reference is not defined in the final audit stage, the angle is measured from when the torque first crosses the In-Cycle torque set in the PSet.
- Angle is used for the stage evaluation:
 - The angle at the point in time when stage was terminated or completed, measured from the angle reference set in the stage.
 Note: 'Audit Stages' are stages that have torque and angle limits defined. These stages include:
 - TC Stage
 - TC_AM Stage
 - TC_AC Stage
 - AC_TM Stage
 - AC_TA Stage
 - AC_TCOMP Stage

 Unfastening Stage (If Audit is selected)
 Note: If the evaluation of any stage during the rundown fails, or a bail out limit is exceeded, the fastening cycle will be terminated early and any subsequent stages will not run. JOB:

ID:

15.00

10.4

5.80

1.20

PSet:02

1

4.2.7 Multiple Stage Rundown Examples

EXAMPLE: Two-stage rundown with downshift

This example shows a typical two stage rundown with a higher first stage free speed and slower down shift speed to minimize overshooting of the target torque.

JOB: PSet:01 ID: 10.18_{Nm} 171 15.0 1 12 6 10.59 10.18 Nm 10.09 Nm 170 10.09 Nm 170 10.12 Nm 167 10.12 Nm 170 0.05 73

10.05_{Nm}

139

10.92

10.05 Nm

10.19 Nm

10.19 Nm

10.16 Nm

10.18

10.07 Nm

1 28

139

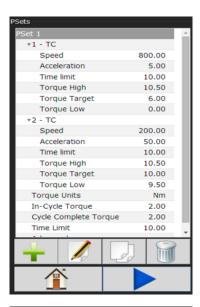
142

145

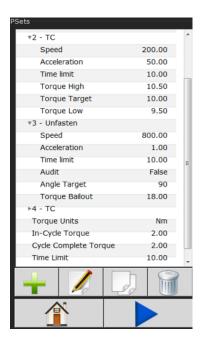
142

143

40







EXAMPLE: Three stage rundown with unfasten on the last stage. (Rundown Backoff)

This example shows a typical three stage rundown with a back-off stage at the end of the rundown.

NOTE: The unfasten stage's audit parameter is set to false, therefore, the torque and angle reported are from the fastening portion of the rundown.

EXAMPLE: Four stage rundown with an unfasten stage in the middle. (Rundown back off Rundown)

NOTE: The peak torque was reset at the start of the fastening stage. The torque reported was from the final stage.



4.3 Job

A Job is a collection of PSets which can be run when performing multiple fastening operations on a single application.



4.3.1 Add New Job

To add a new Job press _____ on the H

on the Home Page.

Job 2

Advanced Options

Disable Tool

Press 🛖 on Jobs screen (above) to enter Add New Job screen (below)

Job Number

Job Name

Job Action

Job Number: Up

to 99 Jobs can be configured.

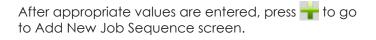
Job Name: Enter Job Name

Job Action:

• Disable Tool: Disable tool after job is finished. Job complete Icon will <u>appear.</u>



Tool will not operate until job is reset.



Add New Job Sequence Job Control Parameters	
PSet	PSet 1 🔹
Action	None 🔻
Count	1

PSet: Choose any current PSet already configured in controller

Action:

- None: Will stay in current sequence.
- Next: will advance to next sequence set up after count is reached.

Count: Fastener number required to complete sequence.

Once values are entered press ✔ two times to return to Job screen

4.3.1.1 Advanced Options

Enter Advanced Options Advanced Options if needed

Lock On Reject Parameters

Lock on Reject Enable: When enabled, this prevents tool from starting a new rundown if the result of the last rundown was a reject. Tool remains locked until one of the four Unlock Mode conditions are satisfied.

Enable Unlock Mode Reverse Unlock Torque 0 Limit Reject Parameters Enable Maximum Rejects 0 Report Missing Fasteners

- Unlock Mode: • Reverse:
- Running tool in disassembly mode. • Reverse and
 - **Throttle:** Running tool in disassembly mode.
- **Reverse and Unlock Torque:** Exceeding "Unlock Torque" while tool is in the disassembly direction (backing off a rejected fastener).
- Any MFB Press: Pressing MFB button on tool (regardless of MFB configuration).

Unlock Torque: If Unlock Mode is set to "Reverse and Unlock Torque", this torque value must be exceeded when the tool is in the disassembly direction in order to unlock the tool.

Limit Reject Parameters:

Enable/Disable

Maximum Rejects: Enter # of rejects allowed

Report Missing Fasteners:

4.3.2

Add an option to each JOB that would allow us to report any missing fasteners. When it is set, the controller will report an NOK rundown for each fastener that is defined in the JOB but has not been ran. These NOK results will be reported whenever a new job is started AND the prior JOB is incomplete.

These generated NOK results are treated like any other fastening. They are displayed on the run screen, stored in the results and transmitted on all protocols.

Jobs "Enabled" Display and Button Function

Torque Display Always displays torque value Secondary Display Parameter Setting (PSet)/ Job Display Increment/ Decrement Buttons Functions

- Increment and Decrement buttons change the job sequence. The PSet number will change and job sequence number on secondary display will change if jobs are enabled.
- Holding the toggle button will display will display the Job number, while pressing increment or decrement buttons will change it. The two numbers on the PSet/Job display will be separated by decimals.

- Pressing the toggle button will change secondary display between:
 - Units of measure
 - Ethernet 1 IP address
 - $\circ~$ Ethernet 2 IP address
 - System port IP address
 - Angle report
 - Bolt count
 - Job sequence

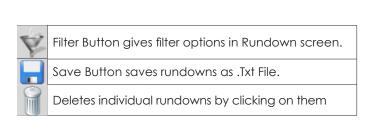
NOTE: Job sequence shows which PSet you are currently on in the job (this is not the pset number). The first pset in the job is always job sequence 1, and the next is 2, etc.

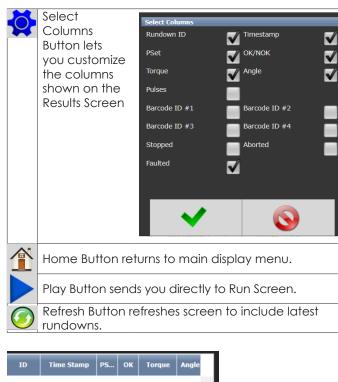
Bolt count is shown as current bolt count out of total number of bolts. Example: If you have 3 total bolts. When you start the job you will see 0.3. After one rundown you will see 1.3 and then 2.3 on the next run and so on until the job is completed.

4.4 Results

ID	Time Stamp	PSet	ок	Torque	Angle I	aulte
72	08/04 00:26:44	5	<	1.25 Nm	124°	^
71	08/04 00:26:44	5	<	1.09 Nm	14.0°	
70	08/04 00:26:43	5	✓	1.15 Nm	22.7°	
69	08/04 00:26:42	5	<	1.28 Nm	22.2°	
68	08/04 00:26:41	5	<	1.26 Nm	207°	
67	08/04 00:26:39	4	<	15.49 Nm	221°	
66	08/04 00:26:37	4	<	15.26 Nm	218°	
65	08/04 00:26:34	4	<	16.33 Nm	2.4°	
64	08/04 00:26:31	5	<	1.53 Nm	22.7°	
63	08/04 00:26:30	5	<	1.60 Nm	32.3°	
62	08/04 00:26:30	5	✓	1.51 Nm	19.3°	
61	08/04 00:26:29	5	<	1.13 Nm	242°	
60	08/04 00:26:28	5	~	1.13 Nm	250°	
					\$	\$

This screen provides a history of rundowns performed. Information such as ID Number, Time Stamp, Parameter Set#, Accept / Reject status, and Torque and Angle are recorded for each rundown.





ID	Time Stamp	PS	ОК	Torque	Angle
112	01-01 02:29:00	1	✓	12.03 Nm	124 🔺
111	01-01 02:28:56	1	<	11.98 Nm	124
110	01-01 02:28:50	1	✓	12.02 Nm	112
109	01-01 02:28:46	1	<	11.63 Nm	113
108	01-01 02:20:13	1	×	2.56 Nm	34 🔫

Example: Rejected Rundown Information.



Click on Individual

Runs for

4.4.1 Saving Rundown(s)

Click on **I** in main rundown screen to view/save total rundowns.

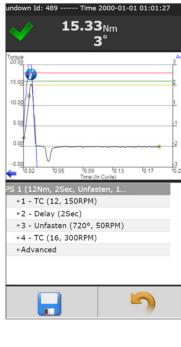
Then click on result-73-3.csv on the PC to save or open the file using a text editor such as Notepad. The format of the Rundown file is tab separated variables and can be viewed using Excel. The raw data can now be imported to Excel to build graphs, charts etc.

Individual Rundowns

Tota	Rundowns					
ID	Time Stamp	PS	ок	Torque	Angle	
490	01-01 01:01:28	1	~	15.69 Nm	3	^
489	01-01 01:01:27	1	~	15.33 Nm	3	\leftarrow
488	01-01 01:01:27	1	×	14.91 Nm	5	
487	01-01 00:52:25	1	~	16.12 Nm	192	
486	01-01 00:52:11	1	~	16.56 Nm	142	
485	01-01 00:49:58	1	×	12.11 Nm	67	

Click on an individual run to view/save rundown information

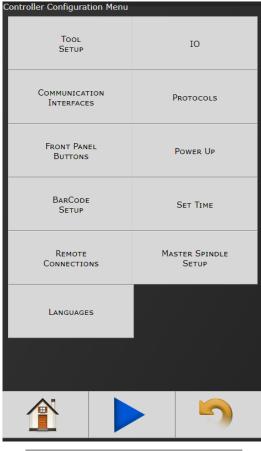




Sample of Individual Rundown Information

1	Result	65	
2	Job Numb	1	
3	Job Name	Paramont	
4	Job Seque	1	
5	Bolt Coun	3	
6	Date	*****	4:18:00
7	Master Ru	0	
8	PSet ID	59	
9	PSet Num	1	
10	PSet Nam	e	
11	Tool Mode	AEN32030	A
12	Tool Seria	191111	
13	Torque	11.69	
14	Angle	57	
15	Pulses	0	
16	Torque St	P	
17	Angle Stat		
18	Pulse Stat		
19	Rundown	Р	
20	Tool Cycle	1111	
21	ID1 ("ID #1	2.2E+10	
22	ID2 ("ID #2	4.86E+10	
23	ID3 ("ID #3	3")	
24	ID4 ("ID #4	¥")	
25			
26			
27			
28	Curves		
29	Tick	Torque	Angle
30	0	0.02	0
31	1	0.02	0
32	2	0.05	0
33	3	0.04	0
34	4	0.09	0

4.5 Controller



The controller menu is where all of the settings for the Gen IV controller are configured. All of the different configuration capabilities are explained below.

4.5.1 Tool Setup

ool Setup Menu	
Lock Tool On Reject	Buzzer
Headlight	Start Input
MFB	DISASSEMBLY
ТивеNut	Past Due Service Calibration
	 5

In this screen user can enable/disable various tool functions.

4.5.1 Tool Setup

4.5.1.1 Lock Tool On Reject

When enabled, this prevents tool from starting a new rundown if the result of the last rundown was a reject. Tool remains locked until one of the four Unlock Mode conditions above are satisfied.

Unlock Mode: The action that re-enables the tool for use.

- **Reverse:** Running tool in disassembly mode.
- **Reverse and Throttle:** Running tool in disassembly mode.
- **Reverse and Unlock Torque:** Exceeding "Unlock Torque" while tool is in the disassembly direction (backing off a rejected fastener).
- Any MFB Press: Pressing MFB button on tool (regardless of MFB configuration).

Unlock Torque: If Unlock Mode is set to "Reverse and Unlock Torque", this torque value must be exceeded when tool is in the disassembly direction in order to unlock tool.



4.5.1.2 Buzzer

Set the way the buzzer behaves in OK/NOK situations. Menu options are

- Silent
- Constant
- Beep

If a rundown is rejected, the beeping can be stopped by making a successful rundown or by using the MFB.

4.5.1.3 Headlight

Headlight Enable: Enables or Disables the Headlight (pistol style tools only).

Buzzer Configuration OK Fastening		
Silent	•	
Number of beeps		1
NOK Fastening		
Silent	•	
Number of beeps		1

Headlight Configuration		
Enabled		•

4.5.1.4 Start Input

Start from IO: Start tool through I/O from external source.

Start From Tool Buttons: Normal operating condition: Tool lever and MFB control tool operation.

Start From Master Tool: Used when one tool's start lever in the multispindle machine will be used as the start command for the entire system

Start From Remote Start: Used when the system start command would come over the Eth port connection

Tool Throttle Configuration: Four options are available:

- Lever or PTS (Push to Start): This the default configuration. Pressing either the Lever or PTS will start the tool.
- Lever and PTS (Push to Start): Both the Lever and the PTS need to be pressed in order to start the tool.
- Lever: Only the Lever will start the tool.
- **PTS:** Only the PTS will start the tool.

Latching Options:

- Not Latched: Start Input is not latched.
- Latched on Time: Start Input latches if lever is pressed for a set time.
- Latched on MFB: Latches on the following sequence:
 - Press and hold lever.
 - Press MFB while lever is still being held down.
 - Release the lever.
 - $\circ~$ Release the MFB.

Latch Hold Time (s): Amount of time (in seconds) the lever needs to be depressed to latch throttle (if Latched on Time is selected above).

NOTE: Throttle will unlatch automatically at the end of the rundown or when the lever is repressed. If the tool is installed with dual levers requiring two-handed operation, the above Start Input Configuration settings will be ignored (see Dual Lever Two Handed Tools section).

Start Input Configuration		
Start Input Source		
●Start From IO		
Start From Tool Buttons		
Start From Master Tool		
Start From Remote Start		
Tool Throttle Configuration		
Throttle:	Lever or PTS	•
Latch:	Not Latched	•
Hold Time (s)		0

4.5.1.5 MFB (Multi-Function Button)

The MFB Mode configures the multiple function button for handheld AcraDyne tools. The button can be configured to operate in any of the following modes:

Tap Mode: Actions will commence if MFB is held less than hold time.

- **Disabled:** MFB button will not work.
- **Disassembly Toggle:** Depress the MFB each time to switch between forward and reverse.
- **Disassembly One Shot:** Tool will automatically return to forward after fastening. The MFB will NOT have to be depressed for forward operation.
- **Change PSET:** Tapping MFB button toggles between PSet A and PSet B. Status lights flash once indicating PSET A is selected twice indicating PSET B is selected.
- Change Job: Tapping MFB button changes jobs.
- Arming: Tapping MFB button arms (activates) the Start function but does not start the tool. Blue status light illuminates indicating tool is Armed. Arming resets in three seconds if tool Start is not initiated.
- Stop Reject Tone: Tapping MFB silences the audible reject tone.
- Increment PSET Number: Tapping MFB will switch upward to next PSet.
- Increment Job Number: Tapping MFB switches upward to next Job.
- Increment Job Sequence: Tapping MFB switches to next PSet in the current Job.

Tap A Parameter: Assign a specific PSet (Job) to the "A" parameter, toggle back and forth between "A and "B" parameters using MFB.

Tap B Parameter: Assign a specific PSet (or Job) to the "B" parameter.

Hold Time (s): Amount of time (in seconds) required to hold the MFB until Hold Action is triggered.

Hold Mode: Actions will commence after Hold timer preset time has elapsed (Adjustable in Hold Time window). Default value is one second.

NOTE: The same options are available in Hold mode as in Tap mode.

~	6	
Arming Timeout (s):		3
Hold B Parameter:		2
Hold A Parameter:		1
Hold Mode:	Disabled	•
Hold Time (s):		1
Tap B Parameter:		2
Tap A Parameter:		1
Tap Mode:	Disassembly Toggle	•
MFB Configuration		

4.5.1.6 Disassembly

Overall Timeout (s): Total amount of time, in seconds, after throttle is depressed that tool will operate.

Speed (RPM): Maximum speed of the Output spindle.

Acceleration (kRPM/s): Rate at which tool is set to ramp up to maximum RPM.

Report Disassembly: If enabled, disassembly events will be reported and logged.

Threshold Torque: Disassembly will be reported only if this torque value is reached. This is entered as a positive value.

Torque Units: Units for the Disassembly Threshold Torque

Decrement Fastener Count: If Disassembly is detected the fastener count in JOBS

- Never: Decrement count will be ignored
- Always: Decrement will always be active
- Only after NOK: Decrement only occurs after a tightening has been judged to be NOK (Reject)

When a disassembly event is reported:

The disassembly will be displayed on the run screens and logged in the rundown record, containing the following:

- Overall evaluation will be marked as 'Disassembled' Peak torque during the disassembly (torque shown as negative).
- Peak overall angle during the disassembly (angle shown as negative).
- Curve data from the disassembly
- Parameters from the current PSet selected
- Fastening events from the disassembly.

All of the controller's status LEDs will be turned OFF. The LED display will show peak torque and angle as negative

I/O Considerations:

When disassembling, all assignable IO outputs that report rundown status will remain in the state from the last fastening cycle. This includes:

- Ok and Nok signals
- Torque/Angle high or low signals
- Torque and Angle Values

All assignable I/O outputs reporting a fasting events will not change state during the disassembly. This includes:

- Fastening Complete
- In Cycle
- Fastening Stopped
- Fastening Aborted

NOTE: When the tool is placed into disassembly mode, all of the tool's LEDs flash and the Horn beeps. This will continue until the tool is placed back into fastening mode.

Disassembly General		
Overall Timeout (s)		25
Speed (RPM)		200
Acceleration (kRPM/s)		1
Report Disassembly Parameter	s	
Report Disassembly		
Threshold Torque		0
Torque Units		Nm •
Decrement Fastener Count	Never	•
~	C	

4.5.1.7 Tubenut

Trigger Action: Two options are available

• Release and Repress: Socket will return Home on release and repress of main lever.

NOTE: If the main lever is released while homing in this configuration the tool will stop and will continue to Home once the lever is repressed.

• Release: Socket will return Home upon release of main lever.

Speed (RPM): The speed in RPMs which a tubenut tool will return to the open position (default 50 RPM).

Acceleration (kRPM/s): Rate at which tool is set to ramp up to maximum homing RPM.

Reverse Dwell Time (s): Amount of time (in seconds) before Output attempts to return Home, after Home command is initiated (default 500ms).

Hold at Home Dwell Time (s): Amount of time (in seconds) Output is held at Home position (default 500ms).

Retry Home when Disabled:

This will allow a retry of the tube-nut homing sequence (by releasing then repressing the lever) even if the controller has been disabled or the stop input is on.

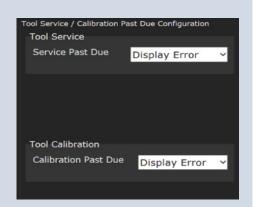
NOTE: Output is held at Home for the Home Dwell Time to prevent socket from bouncing back to partially closed position.

4.5.1.8 Past Due Service Calibration

Service Past Due: Four options are available:

- No Action: No Action will be taken.
- Log Error: Errors will be saved on Service Log.
- **Display Error:** Calibration/Service message will appear on screen between each rundown. Tool remains functional.
- **Disable Tool:** Disable tool in preset Service period. Exceeded (date/ time) LED warning appears on the controller.

Calibration Past Due: Same options as above



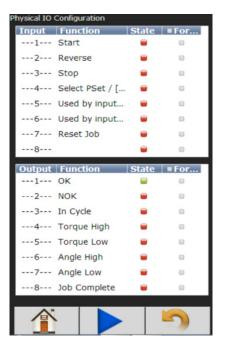
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4.5.2 IO



NOTE: See "11. Assignable I/O" on page 68 for details.

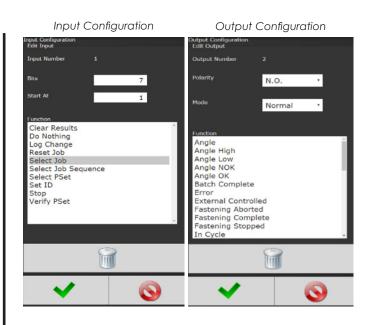
4.5.2.1 Physical IO



Assign functionality to 24V Input and Output pins. Shows the "live state" of each Input and Output.

Functions shown in screen shot are default settings.

To change these assignments, click on any I/O state to enter Output/Input Configuration screen (following).



See "11. Assignable I/O" on page 68 for more details on available assignment functions and how to configure.

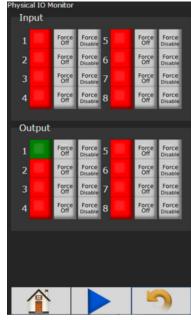
See "10. 24 Volt I/O" on page 66 for the pinout of the 24Volt Logic IO port, and wiring examples.

4.5.2.2 Physical IO Monitor

Provides monitoring of Physical 24 Volt I/O. Force on/off the individual I/O pins for testing of field wiring.

Each indicator shows the state of the associated pin. Green = On Red = Off

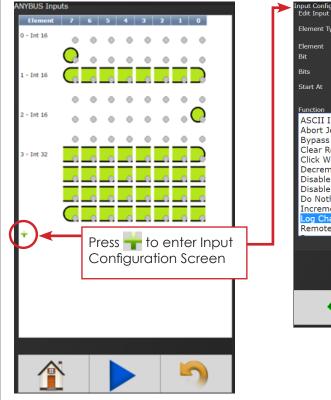
 Force Enable/ Disable: When Buttons from I/O are selected, this field selects which Inputs and Outputs can be forced through the Monitor I/O screen.

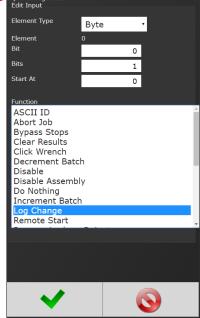


• Force Off/On: If Force is enabled this button will toggle the state of pin selected.

4.5.2.3 Anybus/Modbus TCP/Ethernet IP Inputs

These types of communication are useful for data communication between controller and PLCs. It is an effective, quick way for the data transfer of short data packages.





Example of the Anybus Input screen with five Inputs set up.

Element	7	6	5	4	3	2	1 0
- Byte	•	•		•	•		• 🔾
- Byte		•		•	•	•	
- Byte	۲	•	0	•			
- Byte	•	•	0	•	•		• C
- Byte	•	•	•	•	•		. C

Click on O to change an individual Element or return to Input Configuration screen.

Will delete individual Elements.

Element Type: Choose from Byte, Int16, Int32, or ASCII.

Element: Shows element # being configured

Bit: Enter Bit #.

Bits: # of bits the assignment will read.

Start at: Starting bit location.

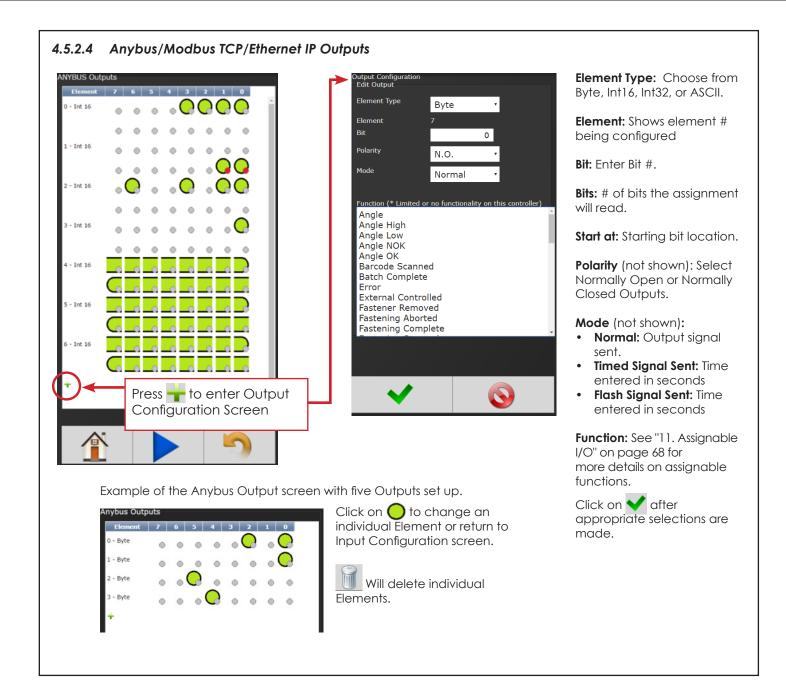
Length (not shown): Number of Characters desired to send when in ASCII ID function

Torque (not shown): Torque value to be reported when using Click Wrench input. Value input is what will be sent from controller when Input Signal is received from a Click Wrench. Value is NOT calculated by the controller rather it is solely what the Click Wrench is calibrated to by outside means.

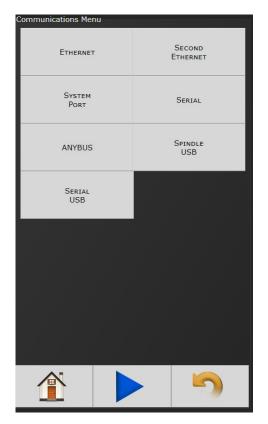
Polarity (not shown): Select Normally Open or Normally Closed Outputs.

Function: See "11. Assignable I/O" on page 68 for details. Select desired Input Function(s).

Click on 💙 after appropriate selections are made.



4.5.3 Communication Interfaces



4.5.3.1 Ethernet/Second Ethernet



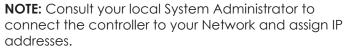
IP Address: IP address of controller's

Ethernet port.

Subnet Mask: Subnet mask of the controller.

Gateway:

Gateway is the IP address of the gateway computer that provides access beyond the local network.



4.5.3.2 System Port

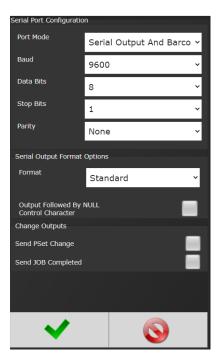


IP Address: The IP address of controller's System Port (Default is 192.168.1.4)

Subnet Mask: The Subnet Mask of controller's System Port.

NOTE: It is not recommended to change this setting.

4.5.3.3 Serial Port



Port Mode: The following modes are available:

- Serial Output: A serial data string will be Output in the following format after each rundown:
 - # P 1 BB TTT.T AAAA 0000 0000 J (Notice the decimal point next to the least significant T)

- P: Parameter set ("1" "9") for PSets 1-9, ("A" - "W") for PSets 10-32.
- B: Job count
- T: Torque result
- A: Angle result
- J: Judgment @=overall pass, H=low torque, I (eye)=high torque, J=low angle, K=high angle, G=fault during fastening
- Barcode Reader: See "5. Barcode Reader Details" on page 58 for Barcode setup.
- Serial Output and Barcode Reader: Select from dropdown and configure per hardware requirements
- Open Protocol: Select from dropdown and configure per hardware requirements
- **PFCS:** Select from dropdown and configure per hardware requirements
- PI Line Control: This is customer specific. Please reference PI Line Control Document on AIMCO Website/Product Manuals.

Baud: Serial ports can be configured for different baud rates available.

• 75, 110, 300, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200

Data Bits / Stop Bits / Parity: Configure per hardware requirements

Serial Output Formats: See "Serial Output Format Options" on page 42 for details.

- Standard
- Standard with PSet
- UEC Serial Modified
- Profibus
- UEC Serial
- CVS String

Output Followed by Null Control Character: Adds

a one-byte NULL character to the end of the serial string. Needed by systems that use the NULL character to signify the end of the string. See following section for more information.

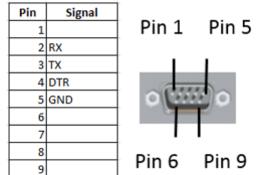
Send PSet Change

• Sends a serial string any time the PSet is changed. String is in the form '%%CAN8X%%%CAN4YNAC%%' where X is the previous pset and Y is the new pset. See following section for more information.

Send Job Completed:

 Sends a serial string containing "Job Completed" whenever a job has been completed.

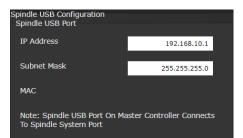
Gen IV Serial Port Pin-out



4.5.3.4 Anybus

ANYBUS Configuration Module Type Firmware Serial Number Module State Network Curponised	Displays when the controller is AnyBus- enabled by hardware
Network Supervised	hardware

4.5.3.5 Spindle USB Port



This can be used to set up a 2 spindle network through the USB port.

Serial Output Format Options

Standard Output Format:

- O P HHHHH LLLLL TTTTT P HHHHH LLLLL AAAAA CR CR NULL*
 - O: Overall Pass/Fail 'P' = Pass, 'F' = Fail

 - P: Torque Pass/Fail
 * 'P' = Pass, 'F' = Fail
 - HHHHH: Torque High Limit
 - Units selected in the PSet X10
 - LLLLL: Torque Low Limit
 - * Units selected in the PSet X10
 - TTTTT: Torque Result Units selected in the PSet X10
 - P: Angle Pass/Fail
 - 'P' = Pass, 'F' = Fail
 - HHHHH: Angle High Limit
 - Degrees
 - LLLLL: Angle Low Limit Degrees
 - AAAAA: Angle Result Degrees
 - CR: Carriage return control character
 - CR: Carriage return control character
 - NULL*: Null control character (*if option is selected)

Standard Output with Carriage Return, Line Feed and PSet Format:

- O P HHHHH LLLLL TTTTT P HHHHH LLLLL AAAAA 1 CR LF NULL*
 - O: Overall Pass/Fail
 - 'P' = Pass, 'F' = Fail
 - P: Torque Pass/Fail
 - 'P' = Pass, 'F' = Fail • HHHHH: Torque High Limit
 - Units selected in the PSet X10
 - LLLLL: Torque Low Limit
 - Units selected in the PSet X10
 - TTTTT: Torque Result
 - Units selected in the PSet X10
 - P: Angle Pass/Fail
 - 'P' = Pass, 'F' = Fail
 - HHHHH: Angle High Limit
 - Degrees LLLLL: Angle Low Limit
 - Degrees
 - AAAAA: Angle Result
 - Degrees 1: PSet 0
 - PSet('1' '9') for PSets 1-9, ('A' 'Z') for PSets 10-35
 - CR: Carriage return control character
 - LF: Line feed control character
 - NULL*: Null control character (*if option is selected)

UEC Serial Modified Format (matches some Gen4 earlier versions):

- # P 1 BB TTT.T AAAA PPPP 0000 J CR NULL*
 - #: Message Start
 - P: PSet
 - PSet('1' '9') for PSets 1-9, ('A' 'Z') for PSets 10-35
 - 1: Spindle Number (Always 1)
 - BB: Job Bolt Count
 - Total number of accepts during the Job
 - TTT.T: Torque Result
 - Units selected in the PSet
 - AAAA: Angle Result
 - Degrees
 - PPPP: Pulse Count
 - · 0000
 - J: Judgment
 - '@' = Overall Pass, 'H' = Low Torque, 'I' = High Torque, 'J' = Low Angle, 'K = High Angle, 'G' = Fault During Fastening
 - CR: Carriage return control character
 - NULL*: Null control character (*if option is selected)

Profibus Output Format:

- %CAN 1 O P HHHHH LLLLL TTTTT P HHHHH LLLLL AAAAA NAC% CR LF NULL³
 - %CAN: Message Start
 - 1: PSet
 - * PSet('1' '9') for PSets 1-9, ('A' 'Z') for PSets 10-35

- O: Overall Pass/Fail
- * 'P' = Pass, 'F' = Fail 0 P: Torque Pass/Fail
 - 'P' = Pass, 'F' = Fail .
- 0 HHHHH: Torque High Limit
- * Units selected in the PSet X10 • LLLLL: Torque Low Limit
 - * Units selected in the PSet X10
- TTTTT: Torque Result * Units selected in the PSet X10
- P: Angle Pass/Fail
- 'P' = Pass, 'F' = Fail
- HHHHH: Angle High Limit Degrees
- LLLLL: Angle Low Limit 0
 - Degrees AAAAA: Angle Result
 - Degrees
 - NAC%: Message End
- CR: Carriage return control character
- LF: Line feed control character
- NULL*: Null control character (*if option is selected)

UEC Serial Format (matches UEC 4800 and Gen3):

- # 1 P BB TTT.T AAAA PPPP 0000 J CR NULL*
 - #: Message Start
 - 1: Spindle Number (Always 1)
 - P: PSet

0

0

- * PSet('1' '9') for PSets 1-9, ('A' 'Z') for PSets 10-35 BB: Job Bolt Count
- * Total number of accepts during the Job • TTT.T: Torque Result
 - * Units selected in the PSet
- AAAA: Angle Result
 * Degrees
- PPPP: Pulse Count 0

• S01: Spindle number

• JB01: Job number

TTT.T: Torque

AAA.A: Angle

MM: Month

YYYY: Year

• MM: Minute

• SS: Second

• <LF>: Line Feed

DD: Day

• HH: Hour

characters.

35 is '*

0

42

'Send PSet Change'.

• X: Last PSet

Y: New PSet

- L = Low Pulse Count, M = High Pulse Count
- ° 0000

VVV<CR><LF>

- J: Judgment * '@' = Overall Pass, 'H' = Low Torque, 'I' = High Torque, 'J' = Low Angle, 'K = High Angle, 'G' = Fault During Fastening, '*' = None of these conditions apply
- CR: Carriage return control character

• S: Torque Status (A = OK, H = High, L = Low)

S: Angle Status (A = OK, H = High, L = Low)

The NULL characters can be seen by using PUTTY and

connecting to the controller in 'Raw' mode. Then set

logging to log all output and check the log to see the NULL

PSets up to 9 match the number, 10-35 are A-Z, greater than

O: Overall Status (A = OK, R = NOK)

• VVV: 32 character barcode ID

• %%CAN8X%%%%CAN4YNAC%%

<CR>: Carriage Return

'Output Followed by NULL Character'.

• NULL*: Null control character (*if option is selected)

<u>'CSV String'</u> SO1, JBO1, TTT.T, S, AAA.A, S, O, MM/DD/YYYY HH:MM:SS,

0

0

0

0

0

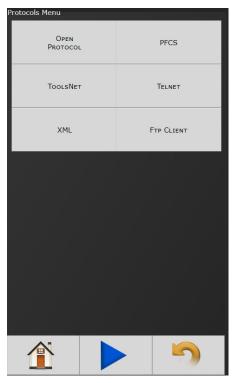
0

0

4.5.3.6 Serial USB

Serial Port Configuration	n		
Port Mode	Serial Output And Ba	arco •	See "4.5.3.3
Baud	9600	•	Serial Port" on page 40 for
Data Bits	8	•	reference
Stop Bits	1	•	
Parity	None	۲	
Serial Output Format	Options		
Format	Standard	•	
Output Followed By Control Character	NULL		
PSet Change Output			
Send PSet Change			
Status	Port is not connected		
 Image: A second s	\odot		

4.5.4 **Protocols**



For information about these settings, see individual protocol instructions on AIMCO's website at www. aimco-global. com.

4.5.5 **Front Panel Buttons**

Enable / Disable Front Panel Buttons

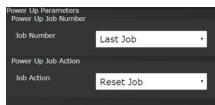
Enabled



Enable/ Disable front panel buttons on controller console.

4.5.6 **Power Up**

Allows user several "Job" choices upon controller Power Up:



Power Up Job

Number: Controller

will power up on the job # selected.

• Last Job: When "Last job" is selected, controller will power up on last job selected prior to being Powered Down.

Power Up Job Action

- Reset Job: Job will be reset when controller is Powered Up.
- Wait for job Reset: Controller will wait for an External ٠ Job reset command upon Power Up and will retain job information existing prior to power down.

4.5.7 Bar Code Setup

Required Identifiers for Tool Enable: Selects which four Identifiers (ID#1-4) are required to enable tool.

Reset identifiers for Job Complete: Selects which four Identifiers (ID#1-4) to reset on a job complete. Select Identifiers by clicking on them.

Block New Identifiers While Job is Running: Check to enable feature that ignores any barcode scanning while a JOB is in progress



Step 2: Enter appropriate information on Barcode ID Configuration Screen.

Identifier Mask: The Mask is a string used to compare the received barcode against. The received barcode must be at least as long in length as the Mask. The Mask can also contain "don't care" characters of a decimal point or period in the string. These characters are counted in the length, however, the actual received character in that position doesn't matter.





Identifier Type: Identifies which identifier (ID#1-4) received barcode will be stored into.

Identifier Description: Text field can be used to give a description to each identifier type. (Example: Vehicle).

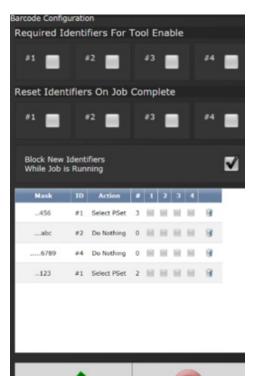
Action: Action executed by controller when barcode with a matching identifier mask is scanned. The actions are:

- Select Job (This will require a Job to be configured on the JOB page when using this option)
- Do Nothing
- Select PSet

Action #: When Select Job or Select PSet is selected, this is the number of the Job or PSet that will be selected.

Reset Identifiers: Can reset other identifiers (ID#1-4) when barcode is received. Click on identifiers to reset.

Step 3: Press **1** to save and re-enter completed barcode configuration screen.



Click anywhere in body if additional identifiers are required.

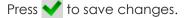
Press 💙 to save barcode configuration.

See "5. Barcode Reader Details" on page 58 for more information)

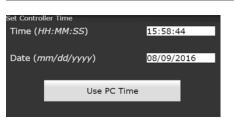
To configure Serial Port for Barcode Reader: On Home page click Controller \rightarrow Communication Interfaces \rightarrow Serial

Select Barcode Reader and the correct Baud rate.

Serial Port Configuration	n	
Port Mode	Barcode Reader	•
Baud	9600	•
Data Bits	8	•
Stop Bits	1	•
Parity	None	•



4.5.8 Set Time



Set time and date. If connected to a PC, use PC Time to set controller time.

4.5.9 Remote Connections



Sets number of remote browser connections to controller.

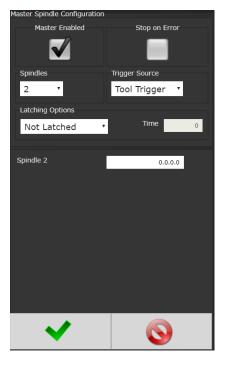
Displays the IP addresses of remote browser connections to the controller.

4.5.10 Master Spindle Setup

Several Gen IV controllers can be linked together via an Ethernet connection to create a multi-spindle network. Operations requiring multiple fasteners to be inserted simultaneously or in a synchronized fashion is possible with this setup. Up to 10 tools can be operated from one master controller. The spindle network can be controlled via physical IO or across supported protocols. PSets will be synchronized across the spindle network so PSets and Jobs will only need to be set up on the master controller. Spindle rundown results are also viewable from the master.

Click "Master Enable" to enter Master Spindle Configuration screen.





Master Enabled:

Enable or disable the spindle network.

Stop on Error: All spindles will stop if any problem is reported (bad rundown, a stop condition, or a cable disconnection has occurred on any spindle). If this option is not checked, spindles will finish the current rundown even if an error has occurred on one spindle.

Spindles: Use Dropdown to select number of Spindles to be connected in a Multispindle configuration

Trigger Source: Select whether the start input for running the spindle network comes from the master spindle's tool trigger, IO, or Remote Start.

*All spindles need to have their start input set to respond to the master tool in order to have them all run from a single trigger or IO start signal. This is configured under Controller \rightarrow Tool Setup \rightarrow Start Input and set the input source to 'Start from Master Tool'.

Latching Options: Select latching throttle option. If Latch on Time is selected, the spindle network will continue to run after the throttle has been held down for the selected amount of time.

4.5.10.1 Setting up Multi-Spindle Network See following page

4.5.11 Languages

Select from:

- English
- Chinese
- Japanese
- Korean
- Spanish
- Portuguese



4.5.10.1 Setting up Multi-Spindle Network

Hardware

Connect the master controller and spindles together via an Ethernet switch. Ensure that all controllers have the appropriate tools connected and apply power.

Software

Steps to enable the multi-spindle network:

- 1. Configure the IP address of each spindle: Ensure that they are all on the same subnet.
- Set each controller to be controlled from the master controller: Go to Controller → Tool Setup → Start Input and set the input source to 'Start from Master Tool'.
- 3. Enable the master controller: The configuration screen for setting up the master spindle controller is found under Controller → Master Spindle Setup. To begin setup, enable the master spindle by clicking on the red X under 'Master Enabled'. This will unroll several new options. Now set the number of spindles and add their IP addresses to the list. Click OK to add the spindles to the master controller. Clicking OK will synchronize PSets and time across the controllers.
- 4. Add a PSet: Once the PSet is saved then it is ready to be run.
- 5. View the results: Spindle network results can be found under the "Spindle Results" tab now appearing on the main menu. Clicking on a spindle result will show the results of each individual spindle.

Spindle IP Addresses: The number of spindles listed depends on the number of spindles enabled. Add the IP addresses of the spindles to add them to the spindle network.

PSets: Synchronizing Stages

When setting up a PSet, the Sync stage is available to synchronize spindle rundowns. Sync stages allows each spindle to pause between stages and wait for other spindles to reach the same stage before proceeding.

For example, a PSet set up to perform TC, Sync, Unfasten, Sync, TC will ensure that all spindles reach the target torque before going to the unfasten stage. At that time, all spindles will unfasten to the desired angle and will not proceed until each spindle has completed that stage before running down to the final torque. The rundown curve for this type of PSet is shown with four spindles.

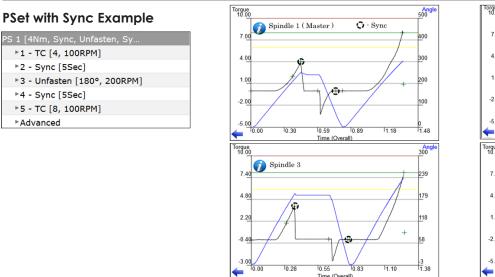


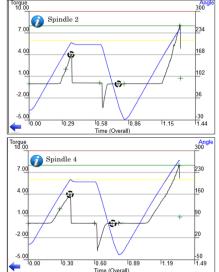


ID	Time Stamp	Spindles	ок	ID Codes [1] [2] [:
49	04-27 15:45	1,2,3,4	×	C) (
48	04-27 15:45	1,2,3,4		C) (
47	04-27 15:44	1,2,3,4	~	C) (
46	04-27 13:29	1,2,3,4		0 (
45	04-24 18:13	1,2,3,4	~	C) (
44	04-24 18:13	1,2,3,4	~	00

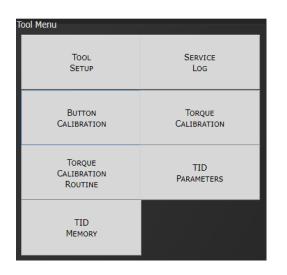
Clicking on a spindle result item will display results of each spindle used in the operation

4 Spindl	Spindle Rundowns						
Spin	Ok	PSet		Torque		An	
1	~	1	[4Nm, Sync, Unfast	8.18 Nm	~	95°	~
2	~	1	[4Nm, Sync, Unfast	8.10 Nm	~	114°	<
3	~	1	[4Nm, Sync, Unfast	8.12 Nm	~	83°	✓
4	~	1	[4Nm, Sync, Unfast	8.17 Nm	1	58°	~

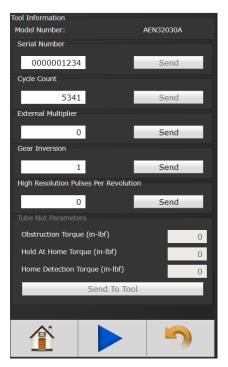




4.6 Tool



4.6.1 Tool Setup



Allows user to make changes to Tool Setup.

Model Number:

Tool model number of tool connected to controller.

Serial Number: Serial Number of current tool connected to controller.

Cycle Count: Total number of cycles since last reset.

External Multiplier: Configures tool to include gearing added to the base model. Units: Gear Ratio * 100 (Example: Adding a multiplier with a gear ratio of 5:1, Multiplier setting = 5).

Gear Inversion: 1 = tool Output rotates same direction as motor -1= tool Output rotates in opposite direction as motor.

High Resolution Pulses Per Revolution: Determines resolution of the tool motor hall sensors

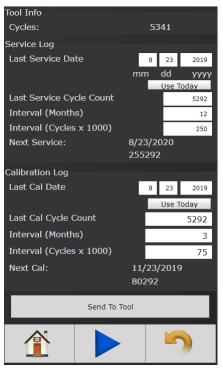
Tube Nut Parameters: See "14. Tubenut Tool Setup Details" on page 85 for more information

Obstruction Torque (in-lbf): First 90° of rotation in the fastening direction. Cycle will be aborted if this torque is exceeded. If the tool rotates 90° and stops without any obstruction, the value is too low.

Hold At Home Torque (in-Ibf): After reaching the open position, this is the torque preventing socket from bouncing to a partially closed position. This torque should be set to a value slightly less than the tubenut Home torque.

Home Detection Torque (in-lbf): In the reverse direction, reaching this torque indicates to controller that socket is in open position. If socket does not attempt to return to open position, this value is too low. AcraDyne recommends starting at approximately 12 in-lbs.

4.6.2 Service Log

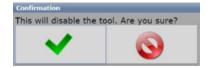


Service Parameters are stored in memory of tool and can be viewed in this screen. 'Next Service' or 'Next Cal' will turn red if value entered is exceeded.

4.6.3 Button Calibration

After a tool has been worked on, it is possible the relationship between hall sensors and magnet have changed. Using the 'Button Calibration' screen calibrates the field between the two.

Select "Button Calibration" from the Tool Menu.



Tool disable confirmation screen will appear.

Tool Info						
Tool Model	Number:	AEN32030A				
Serial:		0000	331104			
Button Calibration						
Button States						
Throttle Off						
MFB Off						
Current Butt	on Cal Valu	es				
	Lower	Mid	Upper			
Throttle	128	129	130			
MFB	319	322	325			
Button Calib	ration					
Thr	ottle		MFB			
			/			
Run Test						
~						
			5			

Test throttle and MFB (Multi-Function Button), send values to Tool ID board in this screen. Follow the on-screen instructions for button calibration.

4.6.4 Torque Calibration



Manually calibrate and reset tool to Factory Calibration.

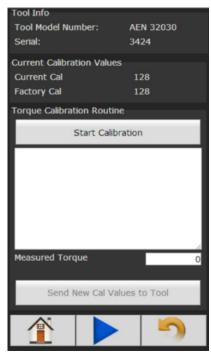
4.6.5 Torque Calibration Routine

Used to calibrate tool using a Master Transducer. The following are steps to calibrate tool.

- 1. Press the "Start Calibration" button.
- 2. Run Tool to Final Torque.
- 3. Enter external transducer (Master) value in Measured Torque box.
- 4. Press "Send New Cal Values to Tool" button.
- 5. 'New Cal' value is calculated automatically and assigned to tool ID Board.

4.6.6

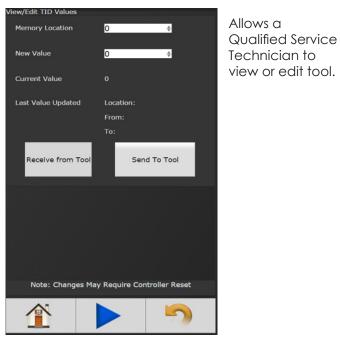
TID Parameters



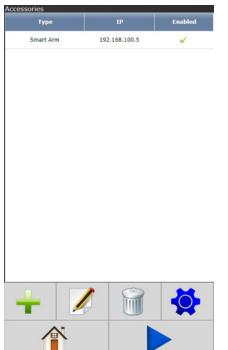
TID Parameters Address Tool File Get Tool Values Read from Tool Save File 10 Exclude Serial Number 11 12 Exclude Button Cal 13 Exclude Torque Cal 14 Exclude Tube Nut 16 Exclude Cycle Count 17 18 Update Tool 19 0 % 20 Open TID File Choose File No file chosen Note: Changes May Require Controller Reset

Used by factory to load Tool ID parameters into tool.

TID Memory 4.6.7



4.7 Accessories



This screen shows accessories configured in the controller. New accessories can be added, edited, and deleted using the buttons at the bottom of the table. The gear icon navigates to the Accessory Scanning and Setup page.

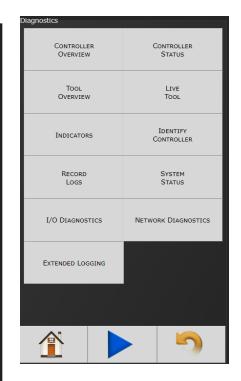


The Smart Arm Accessorv allows an articulated arm with encoders to be used

with the Gen IV controller. Fastener locations can be programmed into the controller so that the controller will perform specific actions when the tool is located on a specific fastener.

For more specific instruction contact: AIMCO Technical Service, Toll Free 1-800-852-1368 or go to http://www.aimco-global.com/Resources/Manuals and download the Gen-IV Controller Smart Arm **Configuration Manual.**

Diagnostics 4.8



The Diagnostics menu contains all pertinent information regarding unusual behavior of the system. Detailed descriptions are given in the following sectinos.

4.8.1 **Controller Overview**

General

Туре

SYSREL

Application

LED Display

Serial Port

ANYBUS

Ethernet

Firmware

SERVO

Model Number

Serial Number

Software Versions

Available Hardware

Touch Screen Display

24Vdc Power Supply

9V Power Supply

IO: 8 Inputs Sinking, 8 Outputs Relay

Model Number: Model Number of the controller.

Serial Number:

Serial Number of the controller.

Type: Type of controller:

- IEC: Intelligent Electric Controller
- IEC4W: Intelligent Electric Controller 4 Mobile

SYSREL: System Release # shown

Application:



IEC4

3R19

01.63

19

1.115.0

Current Application software version.

Firmware: Current Firmware software version.

Servo: Current Servo Drive

Available Hardware: Available hardware on the controller.

Shows "Live"

voltages, active

status of

controller,

faults, and

temperature.

4.8.2 Controller Status

Controller Status	
Bus Voltages	
Servo Power	326
24 Vdc	ОК
9 Vdc	8.93
5 Vdc	4.70
3.3 Vdc	3.21
SOM 1.8 Vdc	1.81
Temperatures	
CPU Temperature (° C)	34
ere remperature (e)	5.
Mainboard Temperature (° C)	32
Active Faults	

Bus Voltages: Alarm icon will appear on controller console and under "Active Faults" (see below) if any of these values are out of range:

- Servo Power: Live monitoring of power demand from tool to controller
- 24 Vdc: Represents voltage from 24V power supply. Value is reported as on or off (.0-24.0 volts) and is for external use via 24V I/O port.
- 9 Vdc: Represents voltage from 9V power supply powering Tool electronics.
- **5 Vdc:** Represents voltage from 5V power supply powering controller electronics.
- **3.3 Vdc:** Represents controller electronics internal 3.3V Bus voltage.
- **SOM 1.8 Vdc:** Represents controller electronics internal 1.8V Bus voltage

CPU Temperature (° C): Represents temperature of CPU measured in Celsius.

Mainboard Temperature (° C): Represents temperature inside controller measures in Celsius.

Active Faults: Any tool/ controller faults will be shown in this area.

4.8.3 Tool Overview

This "read only" screen gives an overview of the tool connected to the controller. The information is stored in the memory on the Tool ID board (TID).

- Model
 Number:
 Model
 number
 of tool
 connected
 to controller.
- Serial Number: Serial number of tool connected to controller.



- Cycle Count: Number of fastening cycles tool has performed since counter was reset.
- Maximum Speed (RPM): Maximum free speed of tool output.
- Maximum Torque (Nm): Maximum torque output of tool.

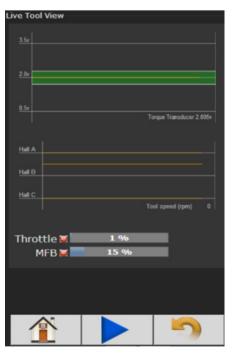
The following information is used internally by AcraDyne Technicians and not generally relevant to the end user:

- Gear Ratio After Transducer: Any gearing between transducer and tool output.
- Gear Inversion:

1= Tool Output rotates same direction as motor. -1= Tool Output rotates in opposite direction as motor. (Example: Tube nut tools typically show -1 for gear inversion)

- External Multiplier: Gear ratio of external "after market" multiplier.
- Pulses Per Revolution Output: Number of motor hall pulses that occur per one revolution of motor Output.
- Transducer Full Scale (Nm): Full scale torque rating of transducer.

4.8.4 Live Tool



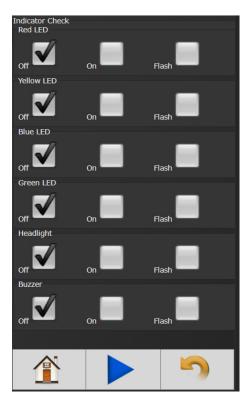
Shows a live view of tool transducer in volts. Voltage will be approximately 2.0 volts (± 0.005 Vdc) when tool is at rest and torque is zero (verify the voltage is within the green zone in the graph).

During a rundown, tool transducer voltage increases as torque increases.

Motor Hall sensors A, B, C will be monitored along with tool throttle, Multi-Function Button, and RPM.

4.8.5 Indicators

Allows user to test tool LEDs, headlight, and buzzer.



4.8.6 Identify Controller

'Identify Controller' will cause lights on controller and tool to flash making the system easy to locate. This is especially helpful when programming is being done and multiple controllers are being used in close proximity to each other.

4.8.7 Record Logs

og Records	
Change	Information
Error	All

Logs information describing usage of controller and tools that have been used with that controller.

4.8.7.1 Change Log

Log displays changes made to tool or controller.

4.8.7.2 Information Log

Log displays all information entries.

4.8.7.3 Error Log

Log displays ONLY Error Entries.

4.8.7.4 All

Displays all Changes, Information and Error entries.

4.8.8 System Status

System Status Memory Usage		
Startup	Current	Increase
215712	246552	14.30%
Internal Storage		
KB Allocated	KB Available	KB Used
15620038	10934784	30%
USB Flash Drive		
KB Allocated	KB Available	KB Used
0	0	0
		5

4.8.9 I/O Diagnostics

The I/O Diagnostics screen shows a log of all IO state changes from any assignable input or output. This can aid in verifying the correct functionality for IO configuration.

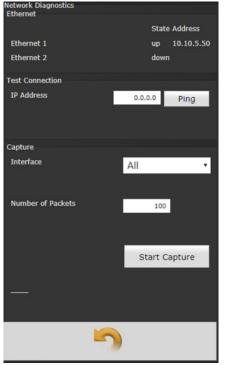
I/O	Bus	Assignment	I/O State
Out	24v	Job Complete	0
Out	24v	Angle Low	0
Out	24v	Angle High	0
Out	24v	Torque Low	0
Out	24v	Torque High	0
Out	24v	NOK	0
Out	24v	ОК	0

The refresh button will update the screen with the most recent IO changes. The save button will generate a log file that can be viewed on a PC. This file can be downloaded when viewing from a PC or saved to a USB drive when using the controller touch screen. This saved CSV file contains much more detailed information (timina, IO settings, etc) than can be displayed on the controller screen.



4.8.10 Network Diagnostics

Network Diagnostics can be useful in troubleshooting Ethernet communication issues



Ethernet: Shows if the Ethernet port is physically connected and if the hardware is operational.

Test Connection:

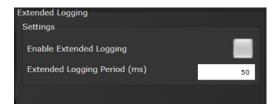
Provides a way to check the ethernet connection to other devices on the same network.

Capture:

Captures and saves the ethernet traffic for evaluation

4.8.11 Extended Logging

Extended Logging can provide more details to the rundown's curve data.



If Extended Logging is enabled, extra fastening events are logged in the curve data.

NOTE: Care should be taken when using this feature, as it will require more memory to store the curves and make the saved rundown records larger.

4.9 Login

When a password is required it can be entered in this screen.



Three levels of access to the controller are available:

- Operator: Run/Login screens available.
- **Technician:** Run/PSet/Job/Diagnostics and Login screens available.
- Administrator: All screens available.

4.10 Advanced

Advanced Menu Login Setup Import Settings	Results Archive Export Controller	The me cor sett the
Update Controller	Backup Restore	Det des are
Restore Factory Defaults	Previous Software	the sec
Calibrate Touch Screen	Soft Reboot	

ne 'Advanced' nenu handles omplex ettings within ne controller. vetailed escriptions re given in ne following ections.

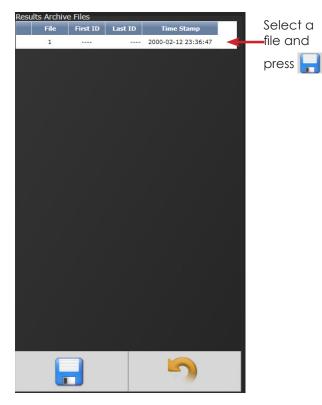
4.10.1 Login Setup

This screen
allows the user
to select the
default Login
level upon
controller start
up.

Login Setup Defaults	
Login Level	Administrator •
Change Password	
Administrator	9999
Technician	2222

- Operator
- Technician
- Administrator

4.10.2 Results Archive



Approximately one million rundowns can be stored. Twenty files with approximately 50,000 rundowns are maintained at a time. The user can, at any time, save the runs to either a USB stick or to the Web as a USV file imported directly into an Excel spreadsheet.

Using the touchscreen console, you can select multiple files to save.

Using the web option, you can select one of these files at a time to save (web option is default).

Select either USB or Web Archive location



Example of Saved Excel File

Rundown	Job Num	Job Name	Sequence	Bolt count	Status	Date	Time	Torque	Status	Angle	Status	PSet Num	PSet Name	Tool Mode	Tool Seria	Id1 (ID #	l Id2 (ID #	2 Id3 (ID #3	3 Id4 (ID #4
2068	0		0	0	Р	*****	11:13:42	5.08	P	480		1			0				
2069	0		0	0	Ρ	******	11:13:49	5.054	P	535		1			0				
2070	0		0	0	Ρ	******	11:13:50	5.002	Ρ	450		1			0				
2071	0		0	0	Ρ	*****	11:13:52	5.013	Ρ	595		1			0				
2072	0		0	0	Ρ	*****	11:13:53	5.085	Ρ	495		1			0				
2073	0		0	0	P	*****	11:13:54	5.1	P	440		1			0				
2074	0		0	0	Р	******	11:13:56	5.089	P	575		1			0				

4.10.3 Import Settings

This allows the user to download any previously saved settings onto the controller (refer to 'Export Controller' for help with saving data).

- 1. Plug the USB with an export file into any port on the controller.
- 2. From the Home screen, navigate to Advanced \rightarrow Import Settings.
- 3. Select the settings to be checking the



Import Settings Select File To Import	erendik en dir.
Choose File No file chosen	
Operations	=
I/O	
Configuration	

Operations: This includes PSets and Jobs.

I/O: This includes I/O settings for the local I/O, Anybus, Modbus, and EtherNet/IP.

Configuration: This includes all settings of the controller except I/O, Master Spindle, Rundowns, PSets or Jobs.

Spindle: This includes any Master Spindle setup (i.e. number of spindles, IP addresses, etc).

- 4. Press \checkmark to accept the changes.
- 5. Press 🗸 to proceed.
- 6. Press 🗸 when the import is complete and the controller will restart.

Import settings that were exported from another controller via a USB flash drive. Use this to quickly apply the same settings across several controllers. For example, it is common to have multiple controllers with the same I/O configuration. Set up one controller with the correct I/O configuration and export the controller from Advanced \rightarrow Export Controller. Now the I/O settings can be imported using this screen.

NOTE: Setting can only be imported from controllers running the same version of software.

4.10.4 Export Controller

This allows the user to save Configuration, Operations, I/O, and Spindle settings onto a USB flash drive.

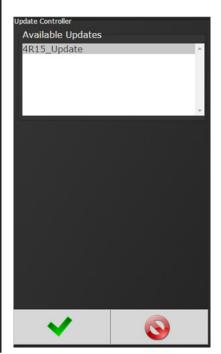
- 1. Plug a USB into any port on the controller.
- From the Home screen, navigate to Advanced → Export Controller.
- Press to continue, and the controller will begin the export process.



4. Press \checkmark to complete the export.

4.10.5 Update Controller

NOTE: Updated firmware versions will typically be sent via email zip file. Always save PSet and IP address information before upgrading controller.



Upgrading the AIMCO Gen IV Controller

Using the TouchScreen or a System Port browser session, navigate to the 'Advanced' menu. Click 'Update Controller' and select the latest release.

Click the green checkmark when ready. After the controller restarts, the user should see following messages

Updating System

Do not unplug USB

Do not Power Off Controller

This may take a few minutes...

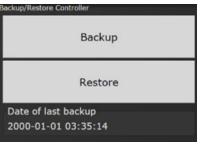
Controller Upgrade Notification

When the controller has finished, navigate to Diagnostics → Controller Overview to view any changes to the 'Software Versions'. Any system settings (Ethernet IP address, PSets, Jobs, etc.) will remain unchanged.

4.10.6 Backup Restore

The Backup function allows the user to create an image of the controller software/firmware including all Configurations, Operations, I/O, and Spindle settings. This is used to create a point in which the controller can restore to if the need arises. In that case, the Restore function would be used.

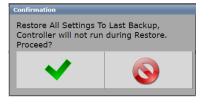
 From the Home screen, navigate to Advanced → Backup Restore.



- 2. Press Backup to initialize the backup process.
- Press to replace previous backup with current system, the backup process will begin.



- 4. Press **Restore** to initialize the restore process.
- 5. Press to restore all settings and firmware to last backup, the restore process will begin.

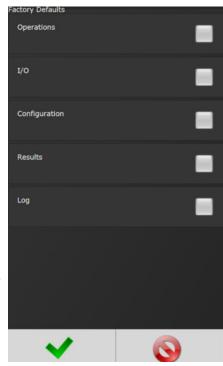


6. The controller will restart when finished.

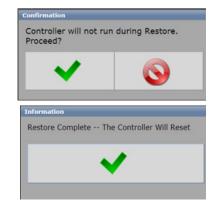
4.10.7 Restore Factory Defaults

This allows the user to reset the controller's parameters to factory settings

- From the Home screen, navigate to Advanced → Restore Factory Defaults.
- 2. Select the settings to be changed and accept
- Operations: This includes PSets and Jobs.
- I/O: This includes I/O settings for the local I/O, Anybus, Modbus, and EtherNet/IP.
- Configuration: This includes all settings of the controller except I/O, Master Spindle, Rundowns, PSets or Jobs.
- **Results:** This includes all rundown data /information



- Log: This includes the Change, Information, Error, and Combined logs.
- 3. Press 🗸 to accept the changes.
- 4. Press 🗸 to proceed.
- 5. Press V when the calibration is complete, the controller will restart.



4.10.8 Previous Software



The 'Previous Software' page enables users to change the software to an alternate version. When the controller is updated, the previous version will be retained to easily revert

versions. Settings are not affected. Any changes to settings are retained when changing to an alternate version. The screen shows the current version along

with the version information of the alternate version.

This feature is only available for versions 3R19 going forward. It is not possible to revert to a release earlier than 3R19.

4.10.9 Calibrate Touch Screen

Custom and Factory default calibration are available on the controller console.

- From the Home screen, navigate to Advanced → Calibrate Touch Screen.
- 2. Press 🗸 to disable the tool.
- 3. Select the desired calibration

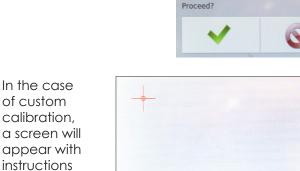
Custom Calibration:

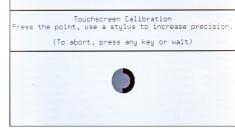
This allows the user to create a custom calibration setting for the touch screen.

Factory Default Calibration: This calibrates the touchscreen to the factory defaults.

4. Press \checkmark to accept the selection.







Controller Will Reboot After Calibration.

Press when the calibration is complete, the controller will restart.

NOTE: The controller may need to be reset before the custom calibration is possible.

4.10.10 Soft Reboot

on how to

increase

precision.

5. Press V to proceed.

Restart the controller without turning the power off.

- 1. From the Home screen, navigate to Advanced \rightarrow Soft Reboot.
- Press
 to proceed, the controller will restart.



5. Barcode Reader Details

The Gen IV controller supports the following barcode reader functionality:

- Support up to four identifiers.
- Each rundown result can be associated with up to four identifiers.
- Identifier(s) can be used to select a parameter set or a job.
- Display identifier(s) on controller.
- Ability to lock-out tool until correct identifier(s) is entered.
- Ability to block barcode reads while a job is in progress.
- Barcode reads (identifiers) can come from any or all the following sources:
 - Serial barcode reader
 - Open protocol
 - Fieldbus network
 - Telnet port

Solution

Regardless of the source (serial barcode reader, telnet, fieldbus, or protocol) each new string is passed through the same process:

- All four identifiers are reset to an empty string on power-up.
- Each received barcode is processed through a Barcode Match Table to look for a match, if one is found the barcode is accepted.
- Each fastening will then be associated with the received barcode(s) until a new one is received or they are reset.

Parameters

The parameters that pertain to the processing of barcode strings:

- The Barcode Match Table is used to identify the newly received barcode string.
- Which of the four Identifiers (ID#1-4) are required to enable the tool?
- Which of the four Identifiers (ID#1-4) to reset on a job complete?
- Parameter to disable all barcode reads while a job is in progress. If set, barcode reads will be disabled after the first fastener is ran until job is complete.

Barcode Match Table

The Barcode Match Table is used to identify which barcode has been received. The controller can have up to 99 entries (rows) in the table. Each entry has actions that will be performed when a matching barcode is received. The table is searched from top to bottom in an attempt to find a matching barcode. If none are found, the barcode is ignored.

Mask

The Mask is a string used to compare against the received barcode. The received barcode must be at least as long in length as the Mask. The Mask can also contain "don't care" characters of a decimal point or period in the string. These "don't care" characters are counted in the length but the actual received character in that position doesn't matter.

Identifier Type

The "Identifier Type" field identifies which identifier (ID#1-4) the received barcode will be stored in.

Action

Action can be one of the following:

- None
- Select PS#1-256
- Select Job#1-20

Reset ID

The "Reset ID" has the ability to reset other identifiers (ID#1-4) when barcode is received.

Examples:

Operator Scans

When a vehicle enters the station, the operator scans the VIN. The controller selects the correct job number and enables the tool. Each fastener will be identified with this VIN stored locally, and/or sent to a server for storage. The job settings will disable the tool when the job is complete.

Setup

In this example, there are three possible vehicle types each with its own job. The barcode scan will select the correct job (enabling the tool) and the scan will be stored into ID#1.

				Reset ID			
Mask	ID type	Actior	า	ID#1	ID#2	ID#3	ID#4
"VIN7"	ID#1	Select Job#	1	No	No	No	No
"VIN8"	ID#2	Select Job#	2	No	No	No	No
"VIN9"	ID#3	Select Job#	3	No	No	No	No

The tool enable/disable will be controlled by the job settings; the correct job will be selected by the barcode scan. The "ID Required to Enable the Tool" feature does not need to be utilized.

Required Identifiers for Tool Enable						
ID#1	ID#2	ID#3	ID#4			
No	No	No	No			

These settings are irrelevant since the only way to enable the tool is with a new job and the only way to select a new job is to scan a new barcode.

Reset Identifiers on Job Complete						
ID#1	ID#4					
Yes	No	No	No			

Examples

This is what the 'Operator Scans' example looks like once set up in the Barcode Configuration Screen (see "4.5.7 Bar Code Setup" on page 44).

Airbag Install

The customer wants to track the serial number of each airbag being installed, as well as the operator installing it. When the operator reports to the station, they will scan their employee ID. When the vehicle comes into the station, the operator scans the VIN of the vehicle and the serial number of the airbag. Once all three scans are received, the tool is enabled. Once the correct number of fasteners are installed, the tool is disabled by the job settings. From that point, the operator only needs to scan the vehicle and the airbag to enable the tool.

Setup

We will assign the employee ID to ID#1, the vehicle VIN to ID#2, and the airbag serial number to ID#3. Scanning a new employee ID will reset the other IDs and force a scan of the vehicle VIN and airbag serial number. The scan of the vehicle VIN will also select the correct job number.

				Reset ID			
Mask	ID type	Actior	٦	ID#1	ID#2	ID#3	ID#4
"EMP"	ID#1	None		No	Yes	Yes	No
"VIN"	ID#2	Select Job#	1	No	No	No	No
"SN"	ID#3	None		No	No	No	No

Once all three scans are received, the tool will be enabled.

Required Identifiers for Tool Enable						
ID#1	ID#2	ID#3	ID#4			
Yes	Yes	Yes	No			

When job is complete, the vehicle VIN will be reset and the airbag serial number, but not the employee ID; this way subsequent vehicles will only require a VIN and S/N to enable tool.

Reset Identifiers on Job Complete						
ID#1	ID#2	ID#3	ID#4			
No	Yes	Yes	No			

This is what the Airbag Install example looks like set up in "4.5.7 Bar Code Setup" on page 44.



6. Glossary of Terms

6. Gloss	ary of Terms				
Acceleration	This setting controls how quickly the tool comes to programmed RPM. The value is stated in thousand(k) revolutions per minute (RPM) per second(s). Default setting is 10 which means that at the start of the rundown or stage, the tool will reach 10,000 RPMs in a one second	Job	A Job is a collection of Psets or Multi- stages, which are useful when performing several multiple fastening operations, each with different requirements. This is convenient since the operator does not have to select a new Pset or Multistage for every fastening.		
	period of time. Given the speed ratings of the tools in the AcraDyne range, this means that the programmed RPM will instantly be running at the throttle press, or start, of the stage.	Low Angle	When the peak angle recorded during the Angle Audit Step fails to reach the Low Angle, fastening cycle is recorded as a reject for Low Angle, the low angle light (flashing yellow) illuminates, and fastening cycle is given an overall status of NOK.		
	To increase the time in which the tool comes up to speed (aka Soft Starting) the value should be reduced to the level desired. Controller Firmware will limit the programmed value to effect the tool down to 10% of its rated speed. This means that a	Low Torque	When the peak torque recorded fails to reach the Low Torque, fastening cycle is recorded as a reject for Low Torque, the Low Torque light (flashing red) illuminates, and fastening cycle is given an overall status of NOK.		
	1,000 RPM tool can be set to accelerate at	MFB	Multi-Function Button		
	 100 RPM/Second. Should an entry be made that is lower than this value, the Firmware of the controller will run the step/stage at no less than 100 RPM/Second For a theoretical example: A setting of 1 will result in the tool accelerating (reaching the programmed RPM setting) in a 1,000 RPM step over a time period of 1 second. If the programmed speed was 2,000 RPM it would take 2 seconds to reach that 2,000 RPM setting during that step or stage of the rundown. A setting of .5 will result in the tool accelerating (reaching the programmed RPM setting during that step or stage of the rundown. 	Multi-stage	In some instances, it is necessary to perform a fastening in several stages. This requires specific fastening strategies. Multi-stage allows user to create linear sequences up to 256 Psets to perform a fastening divided into stages.		
		Parameter Set	A Parameter Set is a collection of instructions that define how the tool should perform the fastening process. It may be selected from the console or device such as a socket tray or PC.		
		Snug Torque	Controller begins to monitor tool for angle at a preselected threshold torque. Any increase in angle, after the snug point, results in a corresponding increase in tension or clamp load within the joint.		
	example, it would take the tool 4 seconds to reach 2,000 RPM. Summary: Lower values equal slower ramp	Speed	Speed at which tool operates during the initial portion of the fastening cycle prior to downshift.		
Accept Tone	up to programmed speed. Controls tone made from handle of handheld tools for accepted fastening	Spindle	A spindle represents a connection to a handheld, or fixtured, tool connected to a controller.		
Angle	cycles. Degree fastener rotates from snug, or	Strategy	Identifies the variables being used to control tool during a fastening cycle.		
Cycle	threshold level, to peak torque. Torque level that determines completion	Thread Direction	Sets assembly direction to clockwise (CW) or counter clockwise (CCW).		
Complete	of a fastening cycle.	Threshold	Sets point at which tool is "In Cycle".		
High Angle	When peak angle recorded exceeds High Angle, the fastening cycle is recorded as a reject for High Angle, the High Angle light (flashing yellow) illuminates, and fastening cycle is given an overall status of NOK.	Torque Torque Calibration	Determines how torque values are assigned to the electrical signals for torque transducer on tool. Value is unique to each tool and changes over time.		
High Torque	When peak torque recorded exceeds the High Torque, the fastening cycle is recorded as a reject for High Torque, the High Torque light (flashing red) illuminates, and fastening cycle is given an overall status of NOK.	Torque Target	When the tool is being controlled for torque, the torque target instructs controller when to shutoff tool. Torque target should be greater than Low Torque and less than High Torque, this is required for torque control.		

AcraDyne Gen IV iEC Controller Manual

7. Icons Defined

lcon	Description	Function	Where Used
	Home Navigation Button	Navigate to the main menu ("HOME") screen.	All screens except for edit screens.
	Run Navigation Button	Navigate to the Run Screen.	All screens except for edit screens.
	Run Screen Select Buttons	Switch between the different run screen pages.	Run Screen
5	Go Back Button	Navigate to one menu level back.	All screens except for edit screens.
\checkmark	Accept Changes Button	Accept the changes made and return to the parent screen.	Edit screens
\bigcirc	Cancel Changes Button	Reject the changes made and return to the parent screen.	Edit screens
+	Add New Button	Add a new item (Pset, Stage, Job, and other).	PSet and Job edit screens.
	Edit Button	Edit selected Item.	PSet and Job edit screens.
↑ ↓	Move Up and Down Buttons	Move selected item up or down in the sequence order.	PSet and Job edit screens.
	Copy Button	Copy selected Items	PSet, Job, and other edit screens.
	Delete Button	Remove or un-assign selected items.	Edit and list view screens.
Y	Filter Button	Filter Items in a list or table.	List view screens
	Save Button	Save selected item to file.	List view screens
	Barcode Scan Required Indicator	A barcode is required to enable the tool.	Run Screen
1	Job Complete Indicator	Job is complete.	Run Screen

7.1 Stop Codes

If a Stop condition is detected that prevents the tool from running, a code will appear on the LED display. Any active stop conditions are also displayed on the RUN screen.

Code	lcon	Description
ю		Stopped or Disabled from Physical 24 volt IO input
ABUS		Stopped or Disabled from ANYBUS
MODB		Stopped or Disabled from Modbus
EIP		Stopped or Disabled from Ethernet IP
RTU		Stopped or Disabled from Modbus RTU
OP	.	Stopped or Disabled from Open Protocol
OP	ŧ Þ	Lost Open Protocol Connection
REV	5	Disassembly Disabled
ARM	2	Tool Requires Arming – MFB button configured to enable the tool to run.
JOB		Job Sequence Complete
JOB	Ē	Job Complete
JOB	Ē	XML Count Complete
LOR		Locked on Reject

Code	lcon	Description
BRCD		Bar Code ID scan required to enable tool
SRVC	$\left \right\rangle$	Tool Disabled For Service - Tool service or calibration interval has expired
INVP		Invalid PSet - Parameter set number for a non-existent Pset has been selected to run. Most likely via one of the following methods:
INVP	0	PSet outside of Job - Parameter set number outside of the job has been selected. Most likely via one of the following methods:
INVJ		Invalid Job - Job number for a non-existent Job has been selected to run. Most likely via one of the following methods:
PSET	¥	PSet Mismatch
SPND		Spindle Not Configured – Spindle selected to run from a Multi-Spindle Job has not been configured
NET	ŧ Þ	XML Disconnected
XML	XML	Stop from XML
NOK	×	XML Max Rejects Exceeded
FLT		Controller Fault - Error has been detected. See fault code list for details

8. Error Codes

If an error condition is detected that prevents the tool from running, a fault code will appear on the LED display. Any active faults are also displayed on GUI RUN screen. Fault history can be viewed in the Controller Error Log.

Gen4 Common Hardware Fault Codes

Code	Fault Type	Description	Possible Causes			
FH17	1.8vdc MB out of tolerance	Main board 1.8 bus voltage exceeds electrical limits	Faulty Controller main board or other Controller electronics			
FH18	1.8vdc SOM out of tolerance	System on Module 1.8 bus voltage exceeds electrical limits	Faulty Controller main board or other Controller electronics			
FH193.3vdc out of toleranceMain board 3.3 bus voltage exceeds electrical limits			Faulty Controller main board or other Controller electronics			
FH20 5vdc out of tolerance 5 Volt bus voltage out of range		5 Volt bus voltage out of range	 Faulty power supply or wiring Faulty Controller main board or other Controller electronics 			
FH21 9vdc out of tolerance 9 Volt bus voltage out of range		9 Volt bus voltage out of range	 Faulty power supply or wiring Faulty Controller main board or other Controller electronics Faulty tool cable Faulty tool electronics or wiring 			
FH22	H22 24 volt level low 24 Volt I/O power not detected		 Faulty power supply or wiring Short or other problem with external connections t the 24Volt I/O port. 			
FH23	FH23 Controller temp high Controller's internal temperature exceeds limit		Ambient air temperature exceeds rating of Controller			
FH24	+15vdc out of tolerance	+15 Volt bus voltage out of range	 Faulty power supply or wiring Faulty Controller main board or other Controller electronics Faulty tool cable Faulty tool electronics or wiring 			
FH25	–15vdc out of tolerance	–15 Volt bus voltage out of range	 Faulty power supply or wiring Faulty Controller main board or other Controller electronics Faulty tool cable Faulty tool electronics or wiring 			
FH32	Processor Fault	RTOS processor not communicating with the Application processor	 Faulty mainboard electronics RTOS processor firmware corrupted or not loaded Faulty SOM board or connector 			

IEC (AcraDyne DC Tool) Specific Fault Codes

CODE	Fault Turoo	Description	Possible Causes
FT01	Fault Type Tool not	Description Tool communication timeout	Possible Causes Tool not connected
FIUT	connected		Faulty tool cable
	Connected		 Faulty tool electronics or wiring
FT02	Invalid TID	Tool parameter file not compatible	Corrupt tool ID memory location
1102	parameters	with Controller	 TID file not loaded in tool
FT04	Torque signal	Tool torque signal voltage is	Tool not connected
1104	out of Range	beyond electrical limits	Faulty tool cable
	our or kunge		Faulty transducer
			 Transducer electronics not calibrated
			 Faulty tool/controller electronics or wiring
FT05	Torque tare	Tool torque signal no load voltage	Transducer electronics significantly out of calibration
1105	value out of	is out of range	 Faulty transducer
		lis our orrange	Faulty tool cable
	range		Tool gear binding
			 Faulty controller electronics or wiring
FT06	Motor hall	Lall signals states are all high or all	Tool not connected
FIUO	states invalid	Hall signals states are all high or all low	Faulty tool cable
	sidies invalid	IOW	
			Faulty tool electronics or wiring Faulty materials arwing
FT07	Motor halls	Hall signal sequence incorrect	Faulty motor halls or wiringFaulty tool cable
FIU/	skipping		 Faulty tool electronics or wiring
	states		
	sidies		 Faulty motor hall or wiring Hall signal leads are connected incorrectly
			 Too many tool extension cables
ETOO	Tool	Teal ground conductors not	
FT08	Tool	Tool ground conductors not	Tool not connected
	ground not	connected	Faulty tool cable
	connected		Faulty tool ground wires
FD12	Drive pet	Drive CAN communication time	Faulty tool electronics or wiring
FUIZ	Drive not		Faulty Controller main board electronics
5012	connected	out	Faulty drive electronics or connection
FD13	Drive Fault SW	Drive reporting fault via CAN communication	 Tool not connected Equity tool cable
	2 10		
			Application exceeds capability of drive
FD14		Drive reporting fourth vis IQ signal	Faulty drive
FD14	Drive Fault	Drive reporting fault via IO signal	Tool not connected
	HW		Faulty tool cable
			Faulty tool motor
			Application exceeds capability of drive
5016			Faulty drive
FD15	Drive Vbus	Drives DC bus voltage exceeds	AC supply power exceeds voltage ratings of Controller
ED 1 /	high	electrical limits	
FD16	Drive Vbus	Dives DC bus voltage is too low to	Supply power cycled too quickly. Five second delay required stand black and the control of the second delay required
	low	run tool	after switching off the Controller before turning back on.
FS26	Power on	Run command on power up	Tool laying on lever on power up Tool huttens sub of a silicarties
	throttle		Tool buttons out of calibration
			Run command from logic I/O on power up.
F\$27	Locked rotor	Motor has stalled for more than	Poor parameter settings for application.
		100 milliseconds	Torque signal out of calibration
			Faulty tool gearing or motor
			Corrupted TID parameters
			Faulty Controller or tool electronics
FS28	Target out of	Parameter set torque target out of	Target torque exceeds tool capability
	range of tool	range of rated tool capability	 Joint Compensation Ratio set too low.
			Corrupted TID parameters
FS29	Invalid tool	Tool configuration not compatible	• Tubenut tool commanded to run a parameter set with left
		with parameter set	hand thread direction or with an unfastening stage
			• Tubenut tool commanded to go in the disassembly direction
FS31	Lost Master	Lost Connection to Master Spindle	Faulty Ethernet Connection
	Start Signal		RTOS processor firmware corrupted or not loaded
			Faulty SOM board or connector

9. Dual-Lever Tools Requiring Two-Handed Operation

Two Handed Functionality

- Tool will not run unless both switches are pressed within one second of each other.
- If the one second timer times out, both switches must be released to reset the timer.
- If either trigger is released the tool stops.
- To restart the tool, both switches must be released and pressed within one second of each other.

NOTE: All settings in Controller \rightarrow Start Input Configuration will be ignored.

- I/O cannot be used to start a two-handed tool.
- Latching throttle is disabled for a twohanded tool.
- Exceptions exist for Tubenut tool homing.

Tubenut Tool Homing Exceptions for Two Handed Functionality

- If controller's tubenut homing configuration is set to RELEASE:
 - Releasing either, or both, of the levers will initiate the homing sequence.
 - Homing will continue until sequence is complete.
- If controller's tubenut homing configuration is set to RELEASE AND REPRESS:
 - Releasing either of the levers, then pressing both levers will initiate the homing sequence.
 - Homing will continue while both of the levers are being pressed.
 - If either lever is released, before homing is complete, tool will stop and homing will pause until both levers are pressed.
 - To restart tool, after homing is complete, both switches must be released and pressed within one second of each other.

10. 24 Volt I/O

Port Pinout and Diagrams

An I/O wiring adapter kit is available (Part **#27348**) from AIMCO to make connection to I/O port on the controller easier. Contact your AIMCO Sales Representative for ordering information. Toll Free: 1-800-852-1368.

1	24 VOLT I/0	13
	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 16 17 18 19 29 29 29 (3	12 13
14 15	16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 (29 25 /
14	D-Sub 25 M	25

Pin #	Function	Default Assignment
1	Output 1	Accept
2	Output 2	Reject
3	Output 3	In Cycle
4	Output 4	Torque High
5	Outputs 1-4 common	
6	Input 1	Run Forward
7	Input 2	Run Reverse
8	Input 3	Disable Tool
9	Input 4	PSet Bit 1
10	Input 5	PSet Bit 2
11	Input 6	PSet Bit 3
12	Input 7	Reset Job
13	Input 8	
14	Output 5	Torque Low
15	Output 6	Angle High
16	Output 7	Angle Low
17	Output 8	Job Complete
18	Outputs 5-8 common	
19	N/C	
20	N/C	
21	24 V Return	
22	24 V Return	
23	+24 Vdc	
24	+24 Vdc	
25	+24 Vdc	

NOTE: The Default Assignments in Table above are factory defaults and can be changed. See "11. Assignable I/O" on page 68.

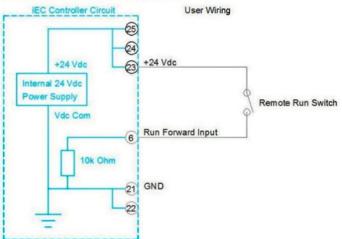
24 Volt I/O Connections

Turn off system before connecting to the LOGIC I/O port. There may be risk of damaging the controller.

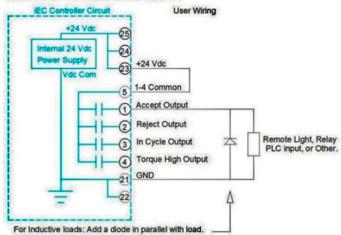
- **24Vdc Supply:** The internal 24Vdc power can supply up to 1 amp.
- Inputs: Inputs are a sinking configuration with the common connected to the ground pins. 24Vdc is logic ON and 0Vdc is logic OFF.
- **Outputs:** Outputs are normally open relay contacts. The relays are rated for 24Vdc, 1 amp.

NOTE: If Outputs are driving an inductive load, such as a solenoid or large relay, it is recommended to add a diode in parallel with the load to prevent voltage surges.









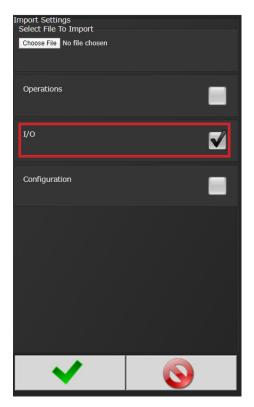
Importing I/O on an iEC4

These instructions detail how to import I/O into an iEC4 controller via the system port to modify the Anybus outputs.

- 1. Power on the controller
- 2. Insert the USB stick into a USB port
- 3. Connect to the controller via system port and web browser (default address 192.168.1.4)
- 4. Navigate to Advanced \rightarrow Import Settings

	→ C [] 192.168.1.4/?_=/	
		Personal Vendors PC8 C
L	Run	PSET
	Јов	RESULTS
L	Controller	Tool
	Accessories	DIAGNOSTICS
t	Login	Advanced
Adam	an end Manu	
Adva	Login Setup	Results
		Archive
	Import Settings	Archive Export Controller
		Export
	Settings	Export Controller Backup

5. Choose file and select ONLY I/O



- 6. Click OK
- 7. Click OK in the Confirmation dialog box
- 8. The controller will restart
- 9. Verify the Anybus outputs.
 - a. Navigate to Controller \rightarrow IO \rightarrow Anybus Outputs
 - b. Click on the first row of element #1 and verify it is set as 'Running Job Number', Bit 0, Bits 8, Start at 0.
 - c. Click on element #4 and verify it is set as "Torque (x100)", Bit 0, Bits 16



11. Assignable I/O

The Gen IV controller supports assignable I/O.

Buses: The controller is divided up into buses. Each bus has a set of inputs and a set of outputs. Currently the controller supports the following buses.

Bus Number	Bus
1	Physical I/O
2	Fieldbus (Anybus module) I/O
3	Modbus TCP
4	Ethernet/IP

All assignments have a bus, element, and bit configuration to define its location in the system. The bus value needs to be set from the list above. The element and bit define the location in the bus. The first element on the bus is 0 and goes up the last legal element for the given bus. The bits in each element is referenced from 0(LSB) to 31(MSB).

Inputs

All input assignments have a Bus, Element, and Bit configuration to define its location in the system. Along with the basic configuration many also have other configuration(s) that allow its behavior to be modified to suit the application.

		Supported Feature					Controllers				
	Bus	Element	Bit 0-31	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Width	Offset	iEC	iAC	iPC	iBC	iBC-Z
Do Nothing			\checkmark								\checkmark
Start	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark			\checkmark				
Stop		√	√	√							
Reverse	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	√							
Disable		√		√							
Reset Job	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark					\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Select PSet			\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	
Select Job	\checkmark		\checkmark		\checkmark						
Select Job Sequence			\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark
Disable Assembly	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			\checkmark				
Set ID		√	√								\checkmark
Set ID (word swap)	\checkmark		\checkmark		\checkmark			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Set Date/Time		√	\checkmark								\checkmark
Set Date/Time (word swap)	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark				\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Verify PSet						\checkmark				\checkmark	\checkmark
Clear Results	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	√				\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Log Change		√				\checkmark					\checkmark
Decrement Batch	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark					\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Increment Batch		√		√							\checkmark
Click Wrench	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark					\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Bypass Stops	√	√	V	√							
Verify Job Sequence	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
ASCII ID	√						V				\checkmark
Abort Job	\checkmark		\checkmark					\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Remote Start	√	√	√	√							
Remove Lock on Reject			\checkmark	\checkmark				\checkmark		\checkmark	
Dual Start Interlocked	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark			\checkmark				
Decrement Job	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark				\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Increment Job	1		\checkmark							\checkmark	\checkmark
Decrement PSet			\checkmark	\checkmark				\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Increment PSet	1	√	1							\checkmark	\checkmark
Decrement Job Sequence	√	√									
Increment Job Sequence		√									

Polarity

When the polarity is set to N.O. the input is considered active high (24vdc for physical inputs and logic 1 for all network type buses). When the polarity is set to N.C. the input is considered active low (0vdc for physical inputs and logic 0 for all network type buses).

Width and Offset

For multiple bit inputs (for example "Select PSet") the width variable defines the number of bits the assignment will read for its input. This allows the input size to be restricted to a few bits saving space for other assignments.

The offset variable allows a fixed value to be added to the read value.

For example to use bits 4 & 5 of the physical inputs to select parameter sets 1-4 the assignment would look like...

Select PSet				
Bus	1	For the physical bus		
Element	0	For the first element on the bus		
Bit	4	For the starting bit location		
Width	2	To span the two bits 4 & 5		
Offset	1	Adding 1 to the read input value so we get Binary 00 = 1 Binary 01 = 2 Binary 10 = 3 Binary 11 = 4		

Input Assignments

Do Nothing

Supported Feature

Bus	Element	Bit 0-31	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Width	Offset
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			

The "Do Nothing" assignment will run do nothing if it is active or inactive.

Start

Supported Feature

Bus	Element	Bit 0-31	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Width	Offset
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			

The "Start" assignment will run the tool while the input is active. Start is available for the Physical I/O bus only.

Stop

Supported Feature

Bus	Element	Bit 0-31	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Width	Offset
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			

The "Stop" assignment will stop the tool if it is running and prevent it from being started.

Reverse

Supported Feature							
Bus	Element	Bit 0-31	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Width	Offset		
\checkmark			\checkmark				

The "Reverse" will put the controller in disassembly mode while the input is active.

Disable

Supported Feature

B∪s	Element	Bit 0-31	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Width	Offset
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		

The "Disable" will disable the tool while the input is active. It will not stop a fastening cycle that is progress.

Reset Job

Supported Feature

Bus	Element	Bit 0-31	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Width	Offset
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		

On the transition of inactive to active the "Reset Job" assignment will reset the active job.

Select PSet

Supp	Supported Feature								
Bus	Element	Bit 0-31	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Width	Offset				
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark					

The "Select PSET" input will select the parameter set according to the input value. Uses the width parameter limit the width of the input bits read. The minimum width is 1 and the maximum is 8. After the input is read the offset parameter will be added to the value do get the actual parameter set number. Selecting an invalid parameter set number will disable the tool.

Select Job

Supported Feature							
Bus	Element	Bit 0-31	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Width	Offset		
		\checkmark		\checkmark			

The "Select Job" input will select the job number according to the input value. Uses the width parameter limit the width of the input bits read. The minimum width is 1 and the maximum is 8. After the input is read the offset parameter will be added to the value do get the actual job number. Selecting an invalid job number will disable the tool.

Select Job Sequence

Supported Feature

Bus	Element	Bit 0-31	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Width	Offset
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark

The "Select Job Sequence" input will select the job sequence number according to the input value. Uses the width parameter limit the width of the input bits read. The minimum width is 1 and the maximum is 8. After the input is read the offset parameter will be added to the value do get the actual job sequence number. Selecting an invalid job sequence number or a sequence that is already complete will disable the tool.

Disable Assembly

Supported Feature							
Bus	Element	Bit 0-31	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Width	Offset		
	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark				

The "Disable Assembly" assignment will disable the tool in the assembly direction. It will not disable the tool in disassembly or tube nut homing. It will not stop a fastening cycle that is progress.

Set ID

Supported Feature

Bus	Element	Bit 0-31	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Width	Offset
	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	

The "Set ID" assignment will set the ID to an integer value of the input value. The width can be set from 1 to 32 bits. The input value will read as an integer value and an ASCII string with leading zeros will be produced and passed to the ID recognition system. The length of the string is based on the width of the assignment. The string will always be sized to accommodate the maximum value of the input. For example a width setting of 16 can have an integer value of 0-65535 so the produced ID would be "00000" to "65535" (always five character long).

Width setting	Length of ID string	ID value
1 - 3	1	"0" – "n"
4 - 6	2	"00" – "nn"
7 - 9	3	"000" – "nnn"
10 - 13	4	"0000" – "nnnn"
14 - 16	5	"00000" – "nnnnn"
17 – 19	6	"000000" – "nnnnnn"
20 – 23	7	"0000000" – "nnnnnn"
24 – 26	8	"00000000" – "nnnnnnn"
27 – 29	9	"000000000" – "nnnnnnnn"
30 - 32	10	"0000000000" – "nnnnnnnnn"

Set ID (word swap)

Supported Feature

Bus	Element	Bit 0-31	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Width	Offset
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	

The "Set ID (word swap)" assignment is the same as the "Set ID" assignment except the high and low words (16bit) are swapped prior to evaluation. This is to correct the mixed endianness of some PLC. See the "Set ID" for behavior.

Set Date/Time

Supported Feature

Bus	Element	Bit 0-31	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Width	Offset
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	

The "Set Date/Time" assignment will set the date and time of the controller. The width can be set from 1 to 32 bits but should always be set to 32 to get the correct results. The input value will be read as the number of seconds since 00:00:00 January 1, 1970 (POSIX time or Epoch time). If the input value changes and it is non-zero the date and time of the controller will be set to the new value.

Set Date/Time (word swap)

Supported Feature

Bus	Element	Bit 0-31	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Width	Offset
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	

The "Set Date/Time (word swap)" assignment is the same as the "Set Date/Time" assignment except the high and low words (16bit) are swapped prior to evaluation. This is to correct the mixed endianness of some PLC. See the "Set Date/Time" for behavior.

Verify PSet

Supported Feature										
Bus	Element	Bit 0-31	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Width	Offset					
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark						

The "Verify PSET" input will compare the current parameter set to the input value. Uses the width parameter limit the width of the input bits read. The minimum width is 1 and the maximum is 8. After the input is read the offset parameter will be added to the value do get the actual parameter set number. If the parameter set input value does not match the current parameter of the controller the tool will be disabled.

Clear Results

S	Supported Feature									
	Bus	Element	Bit 0-31	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Width	Offset				
		\checkmark	\checkmark							

The "Clear Results" assignment will clear the latest results outputs (Ok, Nok, etc.) on the same bus.

Log Change

Sup	Supported Feature										
Bu	Element	Bit 0-31	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Width	Offset						
		\checkmark		\checkmark							

The "Log Change" assignment will add entries to the controller event log when the input changes.

Decrement Batch

Supported	Feature

Bus	Element	Bit 0-31	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Width	Offset
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		

The "Decrement Batch" assignment will remove the latest OK rundown from the current running JOB. This will cause the JOB count to be reduced by one.

Increment Batch

Supported Feature

Bus	Element	Bit 0-31	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Width	Offset
	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		

The "Increment Batch" assignment will insert a manual rundown into the current sequence of the current JOB. This will cause the JOB count to increment by one.

Click Wrench

Supported Feature									
Bus	Element	Bit 0-31	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Width	Offset				
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark							

The "Click Wrench" assignment is the same as "Increment Batch" with the addition of a programmable torque value.

Bypass Stops

 Supported Feature									
Bus	Element	Bit 0-31	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Width	Offset				
\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark						

The "Bypass Stops" assignment removes most stop conditions, allowing the tool to be ran in an override type condition. Hardware faults, stop and disable inputs are not removed.

Verify Job Sequence

Supported Feature

Bus	Element	Bit 0-31	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Width	Offset
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark

The "Verify Job Sequence" input will compare the current Job sequence to the input value. Uses the width parameter limit the width of the input bits read. The minimum width is 1 and the maximum is 8. After the input is read the offset parameter will be added to the value do get the actual Job sequence number. If the Job sequence input value does not match the current Job sequence of the controller the tool will be disabled.

ASCII ID

Supported Feature

Bus	Element	Bit 0-31	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Width	Offset
\checkmark	\checkmark				

The "ASCII ID" assignment will set the ID to the of the input (ASCII) value. This assignment consumes the entire element so the Bit is not used. It also has a length parameter to set the length of the input in bytes. The input value will be passed directly to the ID recognition system.

Abort Job

Supported Feature

Bus	Element	Bit 0-31	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Width	Offset
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		

The "Abort Job" assignment aborts the job and disables the tool. A job reset is required to enable the tool for the next job.

Remote Start

S	Supported Feature									
	Bus	Element	Bit 0-31	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Width	Offset				
	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark						

The "Remote Start" assignment will run the tool while the input is active. Remote Start is available for nonphysical I/O buses.

Remove Lock on Reject

Supported Feature

Bus	Element	Bit 0-31	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Width	Offset
	\checkmark	\checkmark			

The "Remove Lock on Reject" assignment unlocks the tool if locked on reject, re-enabling the tool.

Dual Start Interlocked

Supported Feature										
Bus	Element	Bit 0-31	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Width	Offset					
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark							

The "Dual Start Interlocked" assignment will run the tool if the interlock conditions are met. Dual Start Interlock is available for the Physical IO bus only. The Dual Start Interlocked input works in combination with the Physical input assigned to the 'Start' input. The Dual Start Interlocked is only available for iEC controllers.

Setup

- Only 1 Start Input and 1 Dual Start Interlocked Input should be assigned.
- Controller->Tool Setup -> Start Input Configuration:
 The Start Input Source Must be set to 'Start
 - From IO'.
 - Latching throttle is disabled for Dual Interlocked Start.

Dual Start Interlocked - Operation

- The tool will not run unless both inputs are activated within two seconds of each other.
- If the two second timer times out, both inputs must be deactivated to reset the timer.
- If either input is deactivated the tool stops.
- To restart the tool, both inputs must be deactivated then reactivated within two seconds of each other.

Tubenut Tool Homing Exceptions for Dual Start Interlocked functionality

- If controller's tubenut homing configuration is set to RELEASE:
 - Deactivating either, or both, of the inputs will initiate the homing sequence.
 - Homing will continue until sequence is complete.
- If controller's tubenut homing configuration is set to RELEASE AND REPRESS:
 - Deactivating either of the inputs, then activating both inputs will initiate the homing sequence.
 - Homing will continue while both inputs are active.
 - If either input is deactivated, before homing is complete, the tool will stop, and homing will pause until both inputs are reactivated.
 - To restart tool, after homing is complete, both inputs must be deactivated, then reactivated within two seconds of each other.

Decrement Job

Supported Feature								
Bus	Element	Bit 0-31	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Width	Offset			
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark						

The "Decrement Job" assignment will decrement the Job Number, selecting the last job if decrementing past the first one.

Increment Job

Supp	Supported Feature									
Bus	Element	Bit 0-31	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Width	Offset					
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark								

The "Increment Job" assignment will increment the Job Number, selecting the first job if incrementing past the last one.

Decrement PSet

Supported Feature

Bus	Element	Bit 0-31	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Width	Offset
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		

The "Decrement PSet" assignment will decrement the PSet Number, selecting the last PSet if decrementing past the first one.

Increment PSet

Sup	ported	Feat	ture		

Bus	Element	Bit 0-31	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Width	Offset
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		

The "Increment PSet" assignment will increment the PSet Number, selecting the first PSet if incrementing past the last one.

Decrement Job Sequence

Supported Feature

Bus	Element	Bit 0-31	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Width	Offset
	\checkmark	\checkmark			

The "Decrement Job Sequence" assignment will decrement the Job sequence, selecting the last job sequence if decrementing past the first one.

Increment Job Sequence

Supported Feature									
Bus	Element	Bit 0-31	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Width	Offset				
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark							

The "Increment Job Sequence" assignment will increment the Job sequence, selecting the first job if incrementing past the last one.

Outputs

All output assignments have a Bus, Element, and Bit configuration to define its location in the system. Along with the basic configuration many also have other configuration(s) that allow its behavior to be modified to suit the application.

					Suppor	ted Fe	ature						С	ontro	oller	
					Mode			Offset	Input	Input	Input	iEC				iBC-Z
				Polarity			-		Bus	Element				_	_	_
			Bit	N.O./	Timed,											
	Bus	Element	0-32	N.C.	Flashed										ļ	
Ok		V	V	V	V									N	N	
Nok															V	
Torque Ok	V	V	N	N	V							N		V	V	
Torque Nok		√ √			√ √											$\sqrt{1}$
Low Torque High Torque	V	V	V	V	N N							V		V	V	V
Angle Ok	V V	N N	V	√ √	N							V	$\sqrt{1}$		N	V
Angle Nok	V	V	V	V	V							V	V	V	V	V
Low Angle	Ň	Ň	Ń	Ň	Ń							Ń	, V	Ň	Ń	Ň
High Angle																
Fastening		\checkmark		\checkmark	V											
Complete		N	Ň	N	V							V	V		N	V
In Cycle																
Fastening Aborted	V	V		V	√											
Fastening Stopped		√			√											
Batch Complete	V	V	N	V	√							N		V	V	
Job Complete		$\sqrt{1}$	$\sqrt{1}$		√ √											$\sqrt{1}$
Error Tool Start Switch	V	N N	N N	N N								V	V	V	N	N
Tool Push to Start																
Switch		\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark											
Tool MFB		V	V		V											
Tool Enabled	V	V	V	V	V V							V				
Tool Running	V	V	V	Ń	V							V	,		,	,
Service Indicator	Ń	Ń	Ń	Ń	Ń											
ToolsNet		\checkmark		\checkmark												
Connected	N	N	N N	N	V							V	V V	V	V	V
Open Protocol				\checkmark												
Connected	N	N	N	N	V							N	V	N	N	N
PFCS Connected																
Running PSet		\checkmark					\checkmark	\checkmark				\checkmark				
Number			· ·				•	•				<u> </u>	, ·	· ·		, v
Running Job							\checkmark	\checkmark								\checkmark
Number							Y	v		1						
External Controlled	N		N							√		N				
		V		V V	√ √											
Tool In CW	N V	N N		Ň	N N		V								V	
Torque Torque (x10)	$\sqrt{\frac{N}{\sqrt{2}}}$	N V					$\frac{N}{}$					$\sqrt{\frac{N}{\sqrt{2}}}$	j	$\sqrt{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}}$	N V	$\sqrt{\frac{N}{\sqrt{2}}}$
Torque (x10)		V					V							V		
Angle			V										$\sqrt{1}$		V	
Rundown Saved to			,													
FTP Server	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark				\checkmark					\checkmark	√	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Fastener Removed																
Spindle Ok		V	V	V	V											
Spindle NOk																
Spindle Fastening		\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark											
Complete				v	V							V	,	,		
Pulses	V		V	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,												
Pulses High		√		V	√											
Pulses Low		√ 		√	√											
Pulses NOk	N V	V V		V	N N								$\sqrt{1}$	$\sqrt{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}}$		
Pulses Ok ON	N V	N N		$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$	N N									$\frac{\gamma}{}$	V	$\sqrt{1}$
Job Aborted	N N	N N	N V	N N	N V							$\sqrt{1}$				N
Tool In Use	V	V		V	N								$\overline{}$	V		
Barcode Scanned		V		V		V						$\sqrt{1}$	V	$\sqrt{1}$	V	
Start Trigger Active	V	V	V									V	Y	Y	Y	Y
				,												

Polarity

When the polarity is set to N.O. the output will be high when it is active (24vdc for physical outputs and logic 1 for all network type buses). When the polarity is set to N.C. the output will be low for active (0vdc for physical inputs and logic 0 for all network type buses).

<u>Mode</u>

Normal

In the "Normal" mode the output will track the state of the assignment (while still observing the polarity setting). If the polarity is set N.O. and the assignment has an active output the output will be on and stay on till the assignment goes to inactive.

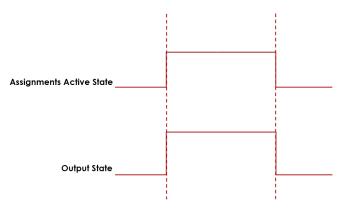


Figure 1: Normal Mode

Timed

In the "Timed" mode the output will come on when the assignments state goes active and go off based on the time value or the assignment state going inactive (while still observing the polarity setting).

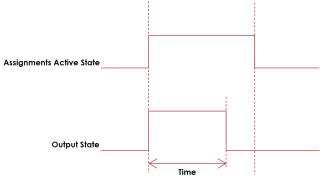


Figure 2 Timed Mode

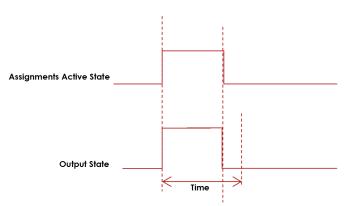


Figure 3: Timed Mode (assignment deactivates before time expires)

Flash

In the "flash" mode the output will flash at the time rate while the assignments state is active (while still observing the polarity setting).

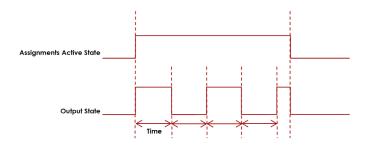


Figure 3 Flash Mode

Width and Offset

For multiple bit outputs (for example "Running PSet Number") the width variable defines the number of bits the assignment will output. This allows the output size to be restricted to a few bits saving space for other assignments.

The offset variable allows a fixed value to be added to the value before it is output.

For example to use bits 4 & 5 of the physical outputs to indicate the selected parameter set number 1-4 as binary 0-3 the assignment would look like...

Running PSet Number									
Bus	1	For the physical bus							
Element	0	For the first element on the bus							
Bit	4	For the starting bit location							
Width	2	To span the two bits 4 & 5							
Offset	-1	Adding -1 to the read input value so we get 1 = Binary 00 2 = Binary 01 3 = Binary 10 4 = Binary 11							

Output Assignments

Ok

Suppo	orted Featu	re								
Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
				\checkmark						

The "Ok" output assignment will go active at the completion of an acceptable fastening. It will go inactive when the next fastening is started (the torque exceeds the threshold value) or a Job reset.

Nok

Suppo	orted Featu	re								
Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
	√	\checkmark								

The "Nok" output assignment will go active at the completion of an unacceptable fastening. It will go inactive when the next fastening is started (the torque exceeds the threshold value) or a Job reset.

Torque Ok

Suppo	orted Featu	re								
Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark						

The "Torque Ok" output assignment will go active at the completion of a fastening that has an acceptable torque value. It will go inactive when the next fastening is started (the torque exceeds the threshold value) or a Job reset.

Torque Nok

Suppo	orted Featu	re								
Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark						

The "Torque Nok" output assignment will go active at the completion of a fastening that has an unacceptable torque value. It will go inactive when the next fastening is started (the torque exceeds the threshold value) or a Job reset.

Low Torque

Suppo	rted Featu	re								
		Bit	Polarity	Mode				Input	Input	Input
Bus	Element	0-32	N.O./N.Ć.	Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Bus	Element	. Bit
\checkmark				\checkmark						

The "Low Torque" output assignment will go active at the completion of a fastening that has a low torque results. It will go inactive when the next fastening is started (the torque exceeds the threshold value) or a Job reset.

High Torque

Supported Fea	ture								
Bus Elemen	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
\checkmark \checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark						

The "High Torque" output assignment will go active at the completion of a fastening that has a high torque results. It will go inactive when the next fastening is started (the torque exceeds the threshold value) or a Job reset.

Angle Ok

Suppo	orted Featu	re								
Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
		\checkmark								

The "Angle Ok" output assignment will go active at the completion of a fastening that has an acceptable angle results. It will go inactive when the next fastening is started (the torque exceeds the threshold value) or a Job reset.

Angle Nok

Suppo	orted Featu	ire								
B∪s	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
			\checkmark	\checkmark						

The "Angle Nok" output assignment will go active at the completion of a fastening that has an unacceptable angle results. It will go inactive when the next fastening is started (the torque exceeds the threshold value) or a Job reset.

Low Angle

Suppo	orted Featu	re								
Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark						

The "Low Angle" output assignment will go active at the completion of a fastening that has a low angle results. It will go inactive when the next fastening is started (the torque exceeds the threshold value) or a Job reset.

High Angle

Suppo	orted Featu	re								
Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark						

The "High Angle" output assignment will go active at the completion of a fastening that has high angle results. It will go inactive when the next fastening is started (the torque exceeds the threshold value) or a Job reset.

Fastening Complete

Suppo	orted Featu	re								
Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark						

The "Fastening Complete" output assignment will go active at the completion of a fastening. It will go inactive when the next fastening is started (the torque exceeds the threshold value) or a Job reset.

In Cycle

Suppo	orted Featu	re								
Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark						

The "In Cycle" output assignment will go active at the start of the fastening cycle (the torque exceeds the threshold value). It will go inactive when the fastening cycle ends.

Fastening Aborted

Suppo	orted Featu	re								
Bus	 Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark						

The "Fastening Aborted" output assignment will go active at the completion of a fastening that was aborted by the system. It will go inactive when the next fastening is started (the torque exceeds the threshold value) or a Job reset.

Fastening Stopped

Suppo	orted Featu	re								
Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark						

The "Fastening Stopped" output assignment will go active at the completion of a fastening that was stopped by the user. It will go inactive when the next fastening is started (the torque exceeds the threshold value) or a Job reset.

Batch Complete

Suppo	orted Featu	re								
Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
\checkmark	\checkmark	1	\checkmark	√ √						

The "Batch Complete" output assignment will go active at the completion of a fastening that satisfies the bolt count of a Job sequence. It will go inactive when the next fastening is started (the torque exceeds the threshold value) or the job is reset.

Job Complete

Suppo	orted Featu	ire								
Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark						

The "Job Complete" output assignment will go active at the completion of a fastening that satisfies all the sequences. It will go inactive when the next fastening is started (the torque exceeds the threshold value) or the job is reset.

Error

Suppo	orted Featu	re								
Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark						

The "Error" output assignment will be active while the controller has an error.

Tool Start Switch

Suppo	orted Featu	re								
Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
003		0-52	N.O./N.C.			, wiuin		003		
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark						

The "Tool Start Switch" output assignment will reflect the state of the tools start lever.

Tool Push to Start Switch

Suppo	orted Featu	re								
		Bit	Polarity	Mode				Input	Input	Input
B∪s	Element	0-32	N.O./N.C.	Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Bus	Element	Bit
	\checkmark	V	\checkmark							

The "Tool Push to Start Switch" output assignment will reflect the state of the tools push to start switch.

Tool MFB

Suppo	orted Featu	re								
Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark						

The "Tool MFB" output assignment will reflect the state of the tools multifunction button.

Tool Enabled

Suppo	orted Featu	re								
Bus	 Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark						

The "Tool Enabled" output assignment will be active if the tool is enabled.

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Tool Running

Si	Jppc	orted Featu	re								
	Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark						

The "Tool Running" output assignment will be active while the tool is running.

Service Indicator

Suppo	orted Featu	re								
Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark						

The "Service Indicator" output assignment will be active if the system is in need of service.

ToolsNet Connected

Suppo	orted Featu	ire								
Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark						

The "ToolsNet Connected" output assignment will be active if the controller has an active connection to a ToolsNet server.

Open Protocol Connected

Supp	orted Featu	ire								
Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark						

The "Open Protocol Connected" output assignment will be active if the controller has an active Open protocol connection.

PFCS Connected

Suppo	orted Featu	re								
Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark						

The "PFCS Connected" output assignment will be active if the controller has an active PFCS connection.

Running PSet Number

Suppo	orted Featu	ire								
Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
\checkmark	\checkmark					\checkmark				

The "Running PSet Number" output assignment will output the current PSet number.

Running Job Number

Suppo	orted Featu	re								
B∪s	 Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
		\checkmark				\checkmark	\checkmark			

The "Running Job Number" output assignment will output the current Job number.

External Controlled

Sup	ppc	orted Featu	ire								
Bu	JS	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
1	/	\checkmark								\checkmark	

The "External Controlled" output assignment will reflect the state of an input. Use the "Input Bus, "Input Element", and "Input Bit" to specify the input to reflect.

Tool In CCW

Suppo	orted Featu	ire								
Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark						

The "Tool In CCW" output assignment will be active if the tool is put into disassembly mode and inactive if the tool is in assembly mode.

Tool In CW

Supp	orted Featu	ire								
Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
\checkmark			\checkmark	\checkmark						

The "Tool In CW" output assignment will be active when the is in assembly mode and inactive if the tool is put into disassembly mode.

Torque

Suppo	orted Featu	re								
		Bit	Polarity	Mode				Input	Input	Input
Bus	Element	0-32	N.O./N.C.	Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Bus	Element	Bit
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark								

The "Torque" output assignment will output the final torque value of the most recent rundown. The value will be cleared to 0 at the start of a new fastening cycle or a Job reset. At the end of the fastening cycle the final torque will be truncated to an integer and output.

Torque (x10)

Supp	orfed Featu	ire								
Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
\checkmark	\checkmark					\checkmark				

The "Torque (x10)" output assignment will output the final torque value of the most recent rundown. The value will be cleared to 0 at the start of a new fastening cycle or a Job reset. At the end of the fastening cycle the final torque will be multiplied by 10, truncated to an integer and output.

Torque (x100)

Supp	orted Featu	re								
		Bit	Polarity	Mode				Input	Input	Input
Bus	Element	0-32	N.O./N.C.	Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Bus	Element	Bit
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark								

The "Torque (x100)" output assignment will output the final torque value of the most recent rundown. The value will be cleared to 0 at the start of a new fastening cycle or a Job reset. At the end of the fastening cycle the final torque will be multiplied by 100, truncated to an integer and output.

Angle

Suppo	Supported Feature											
Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit		
	\checkmark	V										

The "Angle" output assignment will output the final angle value of the most recent rundown. The value will be cleared to 0 at the start of a new fastening cycle or a Job reset.

Rundown Saved to FTP Server

Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark				\checkmark				

The "Rundown Saved to FTP Server" output assignment will output the ID of the last rundown that was saved to the FTP server.

Fastener Removed

÷	Supported Feature										
	Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark						

The "Fastener Removed" output assignment will go active when a fastener is removed by the operator. The controller must be configured to report disassembly for this output to work. It will go inactive when the next fastening is started (the torque exceeds the threshold value) or a Job reset.

Spindle Ok

Suppo	Supported Feature										
		Bit	Polarity	Mode				Input	Input	Input	
Bus	Element	0-32	N.O./N.Ċ.	Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Bus	Element	Bit	
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark							

The "Spindle Ok" output assignment will go active at the completion of multi-spindle fastening if all spindles have an OK. It will go inactive when the next fastening is started (the torque exceeds the threshold value) or a Job reset.

Spindle NOk

S	Supported Feature											
	Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit	
Γ			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark							

The "Spindle NOk" output assignment will go active at the completion of multi-spindle fastening if one or more of the spindles have an NOK. It will go inactive when the next fastening is started (the torque exceeds the threshold value) or a Job reset.

Spindle Fastening Complete

Suppo	Supported Feature										
Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit	
	√	√	√			mann	011301	005	Liothoth		
,			,	•							

The "Spindle Fastening Complete" output assignment will go active at the completion of multi-spindle fastening. It will go inactive when the next fastening is started (the torque exceeds the threshold value) or a Job reset.

Pulses

Suppo	Supported Feature										
Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit	
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark				\checkmark					

The "Pulses" output assignment will output the pulse count value of the most recent rundown. The value will be cleared to 0 at the start of a new fastening cycle or a Job reset.

Pulses Ok

Supp	Supported Feature											
Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit		
003		0-02	IN.O./IN.C.			Main		003	LIEITIEITI			
	\checkmark			\checkmark								

The "Pulses Ok" output assignment will go active at the completion of a fastening that has an acceptable pulse count. It will go inactive when the next fastening is started (the torque exceeds the threshold value) or a Job reset.

Pulses NOk

Suppo	Supported Feature										
Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit	
\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark							

The "Pulses NOk" output assignment will go active at the completion of a fastening that has an unacceptable pulse count. It will go inactive when the next fastening is started (the torque exceeds the threshold value) or a Job reset.

Pulses High

Suppo	Supported Feature										
Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit	
			\checkmark								

The "Pulses High" output assignment will go active at the completion of a fastening that has an pulse count that exceeds the high limit. It will go inactive when the next fastening is started (the torque exceeds the threshold value) or a Job reset.

Pulses Low

Suppo	Supported Feature											
Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit		
\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark								

The "Pulses Low" output assignment will go active at the completion of a fastening that has an pulse count that falls below the low limit. It will go inactive when the next fastening is started (the torque exceeds the threshold value) or a Job reset.

ON

Suppo	Supported Feature									
_		Bit	Polarity	Mode				Input	Input	Input
Bus	Element	0-32	N.O./N.Ċ.	Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Bus	Element	Bit
	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark						

The "ON" output assignment will be active when the controller is powered up and remains active until power down.

Job Aborted

Suppo	Supported Feature									
Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark						

The "Job Aborted" output assignment will go active if a Job is aborted. It will go inactive when the job is reset.

Tool In Use

Suppo	orted Featu	re								
Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark					

The "Tool In Use" output assignment will go active when the trigger is pressed, whereupon a timer will restart. It will go inactive when the specified time is reached without becoming active in between.

Barcode Scanned

Suppo	orted Featu	ire								
-		Bit	Polarity	Mode				Input	_Input	Input
Bus	Element	0-32	N.O./N.Ċ.	Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Bus	Element	Bit
	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark							

The "Barcode Scanned" output assignment will go active when a barcode is scanned. The ID # (1-4) will activate the corresponding bit, if it is covered by the number of bits configured. The maximum size is 4 bits. All bits will go inactive when a tool reaches the InCycle threshold of a rundown or when they are reset.

Start Trigger Active

Suppo	orted Featu	re								
Bus	Element	Bit 0-32	Polarity N.O./N.C.	Mode Normal, Timed, Flash	Time	Width	Offset	Input Bus	Input Element	Input Bit
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark							

The 'Start Trigger Active' assignment will reflect the state of the active Start Input configured to run the tool.

Possible Start Inputs include:

- Start from IO
 - Start
 - Dual Start Interlocked
- Start from Tool Buttons
 - Lever and/or PTS
 - Dual Levers Interlocked
 - Start from Master Tool
 - Start from Remote Start
 - Latched Throttle

Start Trigger Active is available for the iEC Controller Only.

11.1 Controller Supported MIDs

	Supported MID		
MID	Description	Revisions	Note
1	Communication start	1,2,3	
2	Communication start acknowledge	1,2,3	
3	Communication stop		
4	Command error		
5	Command accepted		
8	Application data subscribe		Support MID 900 curve data only
9	Application data unsubscribe		Support MID 900 curve data only
10	Parameter set ID upload request		
11	Parameter set ID upload reply		
12	Parameter set data upload request		
13	Parameter set data upload reply		Always returns a batch size of 0
14	Parameter set selected subscribe		
15	Parameter set selected		
16	Parameter set selected acknowledge		
17	Parameter set selected unsubscribe		
18	Select Parameter set		
19	Set Parameter set batch size		
20	Reset Parameter set batch counter		
30	Job ID upload request		
31	Job ID upload reply		
34	Job info subscribe		
35	Job info		
36	Job info acknowledge		
37	Job info unsubscribe		
38	Select Job		
39	Job restart		
40	Tool data upload request	1,2	
40	Tool data upload reply	1,∠	
41 42	Disable tool		
43	Enable tool		
50	Vehicle ID number download request	1.0	
51	Vehicle ID number subscribe	1,2	Line and the
52	Vehicle ID number	1,2	Has an option to send w/ without IDs
53	Vehicle ID number acknowledge		
54	Vehicle ID number unsubscribe		
60	Last tightening result data subscribe	1-6,999	
61	Last tightening result data		
62	Last tightening result data acknowledge		
63	Last tightening result data unsubscribe		

MID Description Revisions Note 64 Old fightening result upload request 65 65 Old fightening result upload reply 66 70 Alarm subscribe 67 71 Alarm 67 72 Alarm unsubscribe 67 73 Alarm status acknowledge 67 74 Alarm status acknowledge 67 75 Alarm status acknowledge 67 80 Read time upload request 68 81 Read time upload request 68 81 Read time upload request 69 92 Multi spindle status subscribe 64 93 Multi spindle status unsubscribe 64 94 Multi spindle results acknowledge 65 95 Multi spindle results acknowledge 65 94 Multi spindle results acknowledge 64 95 Multi spindle results acknowledge 65 96 Multi spindle results acknowledge 65 97 Multi spindle results acknowledge		Supported MID)	
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70 Alarm subscribe Image: Control of the second secon	64			
71 Alarm Alarm acknowledge Image: Constraint of the second	65	Old tightening result upload reply		
72 Alarm acknowledge Image: Set	70	Alarm subscribe		
73 Alarm unsubscribe Image: Constraint of the status	71	Alarm		
73 Alarm unsubscribe Image: Constraint of the status and the stat	72	Alarm acknowledge		
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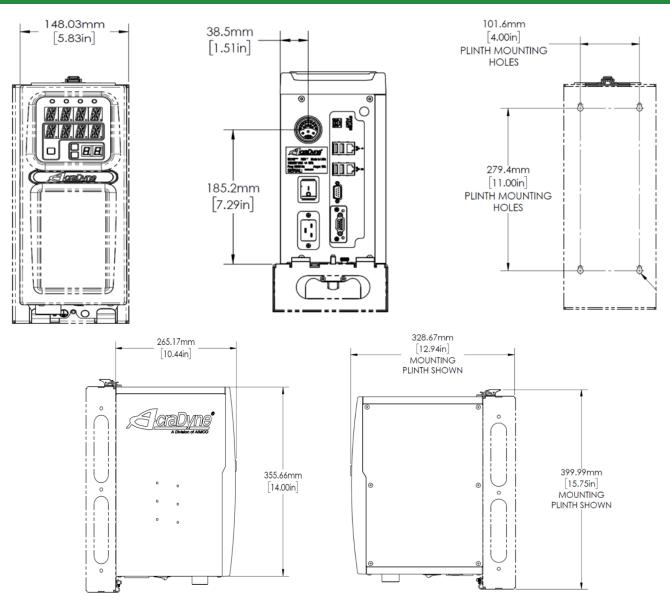
Supported Relay Functions

Supported	Supported Relay Functions		
Number	Function		
1	OK		
2	NOK		
5	Low Torque		
6	High Torque		
7	Low angle		
8	High angle		

Supported	Supported Relay Functions		
Number	Function		
9	Cycle complete		
10	Alarm		
11	Batch NxOK		
12	Job OK		
19	Tool ready		
20	Tool start switch		

Supported Relay Functions		
Number	Function	
21	Dir. switch = CW	
22	Dir. switch = CCW	
26	Tool running	
145	Start Trigger Active	
276	Cycle abort	

12. Dimensions



13. Specifications

Mechanical:

meenamean			
Dimensions	Width:	6.25 in	159 mm
	Height:	15.75 in	400 mm
	Depth:	12.5 in	316 mm
Weight:		15.65 lbs	7.1 kg

Operating Conditions:

Temperature:	32 to 122 °F (0 to 50 °C)
Humidity:	Non-condensing
Ingress Protection:	IP20

Electrical:

AC Power Source:	
120 VAC, 1Φ, 50/60 Hz.	15 - 20A dedicated service
230 VAC, 1Φ, 50/60 Hz.	10 - 15A dedicated service
	(Recommended for high duty
	cycle applications)

Standards:

Safety Compliance: EC Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC EC Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC

EN 12100-1; EN 12100-12 Safety of Machinery

EN 60745-1; EN 60745-2-2 Hand-held motor operated tools EMC

EC Directive of Electromagnetic Compatibility 2004/108/EC

EN 61000-6-4; EN 6100-6-2; Class A

RoHs Reduction of Hazardous Substances 2002/95/EC Markings CE

14. Tubenut Tool Setup Details

14.1 Overview

The following describes the setup required for tubenut tool operation. This includes determining the values for tubenut specific TID parameters (parameters residing in the tool memory) and Gen IV controller parameters.

14.2 Tubenut Homing

14.2.1 Tubenut Home TID parameters

The tubenut TID parameters can be viewed and modified from the Tool \rightarrow Tool Setup screen. The tool to be configured must be connected to the controller.

• Home Detection Torque - Home (in*Lb)

- When tool is homing, reaching this torque indicates to controller that the tool output socket has reached the Home stop and is in the open position.
- If tool output does not attempt to return, or does not completely reach the Home position, this value is too low.
 <u>NOTE:</u> Setting this value too high can potentially damage the tool.
- Units: Ibf-in
- TID memory location: 53

• Hold at Home Torque - Open Loop (in*Lb)

- After reaching the Home position, this torque is applied against the Home stop to prevent socket from bouncing to a partially closed position.
- This value is typically set to a value slightly lower than the Home detection torque.
- If socket is bouncing back to a partially closed position, after reaching the Home stop, this value is too low.

NOTE: Setting this value too high can cause the socket to snap back to the Home stop too quickly and potentially damage the tool.

- Units: Ibf-in (approximation)
- TID memory location: 54

14.3 Setting the Tool's Tubenut Home TID Parameters

- Set the Hold at Home Torque = 0
- Set the Home Detection Torque = 1
- Free-run tool and watch the homing routine while making the adjustments below.
- Gradually increase the value for the Home Detection Torque until tool reliably returns to the Home position.

• When a good value for the Home Detection Torque is found, if the tool is bouncing back to a partially closed position after hitting the Home stop, gradually increase the value for the Hold at Home Torque until bounce back is eliminated.

14.4 Controller Parameters Affecting Tubenut Homing

Controller parameters for tubenut operation can be viewed and modified from the Controller \rightarrow Tool Setup \rightarrow Disassembly and Tubenut screen.

- Tubenut Homing Max Speed:
 - Speed the tool output socket travels when returning to the Home position.
 - Decreasing this can reduce the impact force when hitting the Home stop.
 <u>NOTE:</u> Care must be taken, increasing the speed above the default value; too high of a value can greatly increase how hard the output will hit the Home stop and potentially
 - damage the tool.
 Units: RPM of the tool output socket in the homing direction.
 - Default value: 50 RPM
 - Range: 1 to 200 RPM

• Tubenut Homing Acceleration:

- Rate at which speed of tool ramps to the homing speed.
- Units: kRPM/second
- Default value: 0.5 seconds
- Range: 0.1 to 10 seconds

• Tubenut Homing Reverse Dwell Time:

- Amount of time before the output is allowed to Home, after rundown is complete and tool lever is released.
- Units: Seconds
- Default value: 0.5 seconds
- Range: 0 to 2 Seconds

• Tubenut Home Dwell Time:

- Amount of time tool holds at Home to prevent bounce back
- Too short of Home dwell time can increase the occurrence of bounce back. However, decreasing the homing speed can decrease the severity of bounce back after the Home stop is reached and allow for a shorter dwell time.
- Units: Seconds
- Default value: 0.5 Seconds
- Range: 0 to 2 Seconds

14.5 Tubenut Pinch Detection

14.5.1 Obstruction Detection TID Parameters

The tubenut TID parameters can be viewed and modified from the Tool \rightarrow Tool Setup screen. The tool to be configured must be connected to controller.

- Obstruction Detection Torque (in*Lb)
 - At start of rundown, before the output rotation has passed though the Obstruction Check Zone (where output is open at the start of the fasting cycle), the tool will stop and fastening cycle will be aborted if this torque is exceeded.
 - If tool stops, when output is open during this first part of the rundown, without any obstruction, the value is too low.
 - Units: Ibf-in
 - TID memory location: 53

14.5.2 Setting the Tool's Tubenut Obstruction Detection

Parameters

- Set value for the obstruction torque just high enough so tool will reliably overcome gear friction and make it past the obstruction checking zone.
- Check torque of the stop on obstruction feature by measuring the actual "pinch" torque the tube nut produces at the start of the rundown when the jaws are open (within the obstruction detection angle range). This can be done on a semi-tightened joint simulator set for a hard joint, while auditing the torque.

NOTE: Gear friction in the tubenut head can greatly affect the ability to reliably detect an obstruction.

14.5.3 Controller Parameters Affecting Tubenut Pinch Detection

Controller parameters for tubenut operation can be viewed and modified from the Controller \rightarrow Tool Setup \rightarrow Disassembly and Tubenut screen.

- Obstruction Check Angle
 - Angle of travel from start of fasting cycle where, if an obstruction is detected inside this zone, the tool will stop and the fastening cycle will be aborted.
 - Units: Degrees of rotation of the output from Home to where the output is closed.
 - Default value: 90 Degrees
 - Range: 0 to 180 Degrees
- Obstruction Check Speed Limit

- Maximum speed output will run during the check for obstructions.
- Decreasing this can reduce the impact force when hitting an obstruction.
 <u>NOTE:</u> Care must be taken increasing the speed above the default value. Too high of a value can greatly increase how hard the output will hit the obstruction.
- Units: RPM of the tool output
- Default: 70 RPM
- Range: 1 to 200 RPM
- Obstruction Check Acceleration Limit
 Rate at which the speed of the tool ramps to
 - Obstruction Check Speed.
 - Units: kRPM/second
 - Default value: 0.5
 - Range: 0.1 to 10

14.5.4 Tubenut Homing Start Input Logic Selection

The controller parameter for tubenut homing Start Input Logic can be viewed and modified from the controller \rightarrow Tool Setup \rightarrow Start Input screen.

- Tubenut Homing Start Input logic:
 - Lever action required to start the Home sequence.
 - Options:
- Home on release and repress of the lever (default)
- Home on release of the lever

15 Troubleshooting

Issue: SD Card initializing

Solution: The rear SD card can be used to easily move the software, firmware, configuration, and rundowns to a new controller in the event of hardware failure. This allows the controller to be replaced with a new unit while retaining all the rundown information and configuration settings. Remove the rear SD card from the damaged unit and insert it into a functioning unit to perform the replacement. It is highly recommended that the controller settings are backed up and saved by exporting the controller to a USB flash drive.

Issue: System Port IP Address Drivers

Solution: NOTE: In the event the RNDIS drivers do not install themselves, the following are the steps to install new drivers in order to get the system port working.

RNDIS driver is a part of the Windows 7 operating system, but the OS fails to detect it automatically. The following steps will help the user to install the RNDIS driver:

<u>Step 1:</u> After the device is connected to the development PC, OS will automatically search for the RNDIS driver. After it fails to find the driver, the following message will be shown:

	×
was not successfully installed	
XNo driver found	
I not install properly?	
	Close
	was not successfully installed No driver found

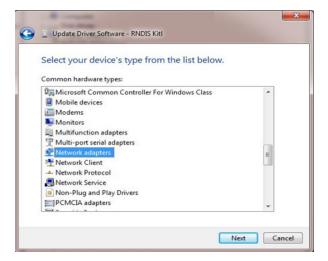
Step 2: Right click on **Computer** and select **Manage**. From **System Tools**, select **Device Manager**. It will show a list of devices currently connected with the development PC. In the list, RNDIS Kitl can be seen with an exclamation mark implying that driver has not been installed.

File Action View Help	19 in 19
Computer Management (Local System Tools Task Scheduler Event Viewer Shared Folders Secolution Strange Cocal Users and Groups Secolution Manager Storage Disk Management Services and Applications	Batteries Biometric Devices Biometric Devices Biometric Devices Computer Disk drives Display adapters DVD/CD-ROM drives DVD/CD-ROM drives DIEEE 1394 Bus host controllers IDE ATA/ATAPI controllers IDE ATA/ATAPI controllers IDE ATA/ATAPI controllers Mice and other pointing devices Monitors Monitors Network adapters Other devices Dimols Kitl PCMCIA adapters Ports (COM & LPT)

<u>Step 3:</u> Right click on it and select **Update Driver** Software. When prompted, choose Browse my computer for driver software to search for device driver software.

<u>Step 4:</u> Browse for driver software on your computer will come up. Select Let me pick from a list of device drivers on my computer.

<u>Step 5:</u> A window will come up asking to select the device type. Select **Network Adapters** as RNDIS emulates a network connection.

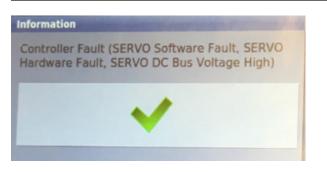


<u>Step 6:</u> In the Select Network Adapter window, select Microsoft Corporation from the Manufacturer list. Under the list of Network Adapter, select Remote NDIS Compatible Device.

Click the Network Adapter that matches your hardware, then click OK. If you have ar installation disk for this feature, click Have Disk. Annufacturer Anvell Network Adapter: Remote NDIS based Internet Sharing Device	an
Network Adapter.	
Network Adapter.	
Network Adapter.	
Aicrosoft	
Acrosoft Corporation	
Actorola Inc	
] This driver is digitally signed. Have	

<u>Step 7:</u> The RNDIS Kitl device is now installed and ready for use.

Issue: DC Bus High Voltage Warning when using an HT Tool



Solution: Adding a Brake Stop of 0.5 to 1.0 Second stage to the end of the rundown should eliminate this issue.

16 AIMCO Warranty

NEW TOOL AND ACCESSORY WARRANTY

Any new tool or accessory branded with the AIMCO, Uryu, AcraDyne or Eagle Group name, and purchased from AIMCO, or through one of its authorized distributors or agents, is warranted to the original buyer against defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one (1) year* from date of delivery. Under the terms of this warranty, AIMCO agrees, without charge, to repair or replace, at its option and Ex-Works (EXW) its authorized service centers, any product or accessory warranted hereunder proving to AIMCO's satisfaction to be defective as a result of defective workmanship or material. In order to qualify for this warranty, written notice to AIMCO must be given immediately upon discovery of such defect, at which time AIMCO will issue an authorization to return the tool. The defective item must be promptly returned to an authorized AIMCO service center with all freight charges prepaid.

REPAIRED TOOL WARRANTY

Once a tool is beyond the new product warranty period as detailed above, AIMCO will provide repair subject to the following warranty periods: pneumatic tools: 90 days*; electric tools and Acra-Feed: 90 days; battery tools: 30 days*; DC Electric tools: 90 days*

EXCLUSION FROM WARRANTY

This warranty is valid only on products purchased from AIMCO, or through its authorized distributors or agents. AIMCO shall have no obligation pursuant to the AIMCO Warranty with respect to any tools or accessories which in AIMCO's sole judgment have been altered damaged, misused, abused, badly worn, lost or improperly maintained. This Warranty is null and void if the customer, or any other person other than an authorized representative of AIMCO, has made any attempt to service or modify the tool or accessory prior to its return to AIMCO under this Warranty.

The warranty provision with respect to each such product may be amended by AIMCO from time to time in its sole discretion. The liability of AIMCO hereunder shall be limited to replacing or repairing, at its option, any defective products which are returned freight pre-paid to AIMCO or, at AIMCO's option, refunding the purchase price of such products.

AIMCO reserves the right to make periodic changes in construction or tool design at any time. AIMCO specifically reserves the right to make these changes without incurring any obligation or incorporating such changes or updates in tools or parts previously distributed.

THE AIMCO WARRANTY IS IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, AND AIMCO EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. THIS WARRANTY SETS FORTH THE SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDY IN CONTRACT, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR OTHERWISE.

THIS WARRANTY IS THE ONLY WARRANTY MADE BY AIMCO WITH RESPECT TO THE GOODS DELIVERED HEREUNDER, AND MAY BE MODIFIED OR AMENDED ONLY BY A WRITTEN INSTRUMENT SIGNED BY A DULY AUTHORIZED OFFICER OF AIMCO.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

AIMCO'S LIABILITY PURSUANT TO WARRANTY OF THE PRODUCTS COVERED HEREUNDER IS LIMITED TO REFUND OF THE PURCHASE PRICE. IN NO EVENT SHALL AIMCO BE LIABLE FOR COSTS OF PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS BY THE BUYER. IN NO EVENT SHALL AIMCO BE LIABLE FOR ANY SPECIAL. CONSEQUENTIAL, INCIDENTAL OR OTHER DAMAGES (INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, LOSS OF PROFIT) WHETHER OR NOT AIMCO HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH LOSS, HOWEVER CAUSED, WHETHER FOR BREACH OR REPUDIATION OF CONTRACT, BREACH OF WARRANTY, NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE. THIS EXCLUSION ALSO INCLUDES ANY LIABILITY WHICH MAY ARISE OUT OF THIRD PARTY CLAIMS AGAINST BUYER. THE ESSENTIAL PURPOSE OF THIS PROVISION IS TO LIMIT THE POTENTIAL LIABILITY OF AIMCO ARISING OUT OF THIS AGREEMENT AND/ OR SALE.

NOTE: The AIMCO Warranty confers specific legal rights, however some states or jurisdictions may not allow certain exclusions or limitations within this warranty. ***Note – All warranty periods addressed herein are determined using a standard shift, eighthour work day.**



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